

# BASE-BALL PLAYER.

NEW YORK:

BEADLE AND COMPANY, 118 WILLIAM ST. General Dime Book Publishers.

# BEADLE'S DIME SONG BOOKS.

No. 1.

A good time coming, All's for the best, A national song, Annie Laurie, Answer to a thousand Ans. to K. Kearney, A thousand a year, Belle Brandon, Ben Bolt, Blind boy's lament, Bob Ridley, Bold privateer, Don't be angry, mot'r Do they miss me, Down the river, E pluribus unum, Evening Star, Faded flowers, Gentle Annie, Gentle Jonnie Gray, Glad to get home, Hard times, Have you seen sister, Heather dale Home again, I am not angry, I want to ge home, Kate Kearney, Kitty Clyde, My own native land, The quilting party, Nelly Gray, Nelly was a lady, Old dog Tray, Our Mar; Ann, Dver the mountain, Poor Juley, Poor old slave, Red, white and blue, Willie's on the sea, Row, row, Shells of the ocean, Song of the sexton, Star-spangled banner The age of progress, Ans. to Jeannette, The dying Californian A sailor's life for me, I am a freeman, The hills of N. Engl'd Bessy was a sailor's, The lake side shore, Bonny Jean, The Marseilles hymn, Comic parody, The old farm-house, The old tolks loved, The rock of liberty, The tempest. Twenty years ago, Twinkling stars, Uncle Sam's farm, Unfurl the banner, Wait for the wagon, Willie, we've missed, Give 'em string,

No. 2.

Alice Gray, America, Banks of Mohawk, Be kind to each other, Isle of beauty, Billy Grimes, Bryan O'Lynn, Come, sit thee down, John Jones, Cora Lee, Crazy Jane, Darling Nelly Moore Lager beer song, Darling old stick, Good news from home Lillie Bell, Good-night, Graves of a household Man the life-bont, Home, sweet home, I miss thee so, I'm lesving thee in, My poor dog Tray, i shouldn't like to tell, Old dog Tray, No. 2. I wandered by brook, Old Rosin, the beau, The old kirk-yard,

Katy, darling, Little Katy, Mabel Clare, Mary Alleen, Maryof the wild moor Rosa Lee, M" M Mist I. Minnte Moo. Mr. Finagan, My eye and B. Martin The American girl, My love is a sailleur, My mother dear, My mother's Bible, Nancy Bell, New England, Oh, I'm going home, Oh, scorn not brother, Oh, the sea, the sea, Old sideling hill, Our boyhood days, Our fatherland, Peter Gray, Rory O'More, Somebody's waiting, The farmer sat in his, Yellow rose of Texas. The farmer's boy, The fireman's victory The grave of Lil Dale, Kiss me quick and go, Thelrishman's shanty The old folks are gone My home in Kentuck, The post-boy's song, Three bells, 'Tis home where the Waiting for the May, We stand here united, What's home without What other name, Widow Machree, Winter.

No. 3.

The I ttle blacksmith, Comic Katee darling, The miller of the Dee, Darling Jenny Bell, Darling Rosabel, Death of Annie Laurie Johnny is gone for a, The grave of Unc. Tru The old play-ground, Emigrant's farewell, Ettie May, Few days, Fine old Dutch gent, Let me kiss him for, Fine old Irish gent, Fireman's boy, Fireman's death, Willie'll roam no mor Go it while young, Gold-digger's lament, Oh, God, preserve the The old arm-chair, Ril Columbia, Ha py Hezekiah, I'd Loose to be daisy, Paddy on the canal, Pve something sweet, Parody on U.S.'s farm The watcher, I think of old Ireland, Ship ahoy, Jeannett and Jeannot Somebody's courting, Jordan is a hard road, Song of the farmer, Kitty, kimo, Lather and shave, Linda has departed, My dear old mother, The harp that once, I have no mother now My girl with a calico, The Indian's grave, My heart's in Ireland, The little low room,

Kathleen, mavo'rneen Other side of Jordan, The low-backed car, Over the left, Par. on 'To the West,' Tom Brown, Pop goes the weasel, Pretty Jane, Song of the locomotiv We're growing old. Sparking daran Jane I'an o'clock, The American boy, My grandm'r's advice The boys of Kilkenny Would I were with. The girl I left behind, The Indian hunter, The old oaken bucket, The old whisky jug, The pirate's serenade, Tilda Horn, To the West, True blue is the color, Uncle Ned, Unhappy Jeremiah, Vilikins and his Dina Charity, We miss thee at home Cheer, boys, cheer, What will Mrs. Grun Comin' thro' the rye,

No. 4.

Ain't I glad to get out Ever of thee, A national song, Ans. to Katy Darling, Gum-tree canoe, A merry gipsy girl, Ben Fisher and wife, Bonnie Jamie, Broken-hearted Tom, John Anderson, By the sad sea waves, Johnny was a shoemr Columbia rules the se Kind relations, Come, gang wi' me, Commence, ye darkies Mary of Argyle, Cottage by the sea, Daylight is on the sea Napolitaine, Don't cry so, Norsh, Erin is my home, Gal from the South, Sword of Bunker Hill, Annie, dear, good-by, He led her to the altar Oft in the stilly night, Home, sweet home, I'll hang my harp, I'm not myself at all, Indian hunter, I've been roaming, I wish he'd decide, Jane Monroe, Jolly Jack, the rover, The ingle side, Kate was once a little The Irish emigrant, Kitty Tyrrell, Fine old English gent Linda's gone to Balt., The last rose of sum'r. Maud Adair and I, Molly Bawn, My ain fireside, My boyhood's home, The musical wife, Norsh, pride of Kildar The ocean burial, Oh, kiss, but never tell The poor little fisher, Old uncle Edward, Poor old maids, Song of Blanche Alpen Twilight dews, Sparking Sunday ni't, Sprig of shillelah, Stand by the flag, Terry O'Reilly, The farmer's boy, The hazel dell, The engineer's song, They don't wish me, Beautifui world,

The old brown cot. Uncle Gabriel, Uncle Tim, the toper, We're all so fond, We were boys and Within a mile of Ed. Would I were a boy, Would I were a girl,

Be kindto the loved,

Bloom is on the rya

Cottage of my mother

Dear mother, I'll com,

Far, far upon the sea.

Grave of Washington

Gentle Nettie Moore,

Happy are we to-nigh

He doeth all things,

Home without sister,

I can't call her moth'r

I'll paddle my canoe,

I'm standing by grave

Isitanybody'sbusin's

Irish jaunting car,

Jane O'Malley,

Jenny Lane,

Lily Dale,

Maniac,

Marion Lee,

May queen,

Joanna Snow,

Johnny Sands,

Little more cider,

Lulu is our darling,

Merry sleigh-ride.

Mountaineer's farewl

Miller's maid,

Minnie Clyde,

Modern belle,

Not for gold,

Not married yet,

Oh, silber moon,

Old homestead,

Over the river,

Say yes, pussy,

Snow storm,

Strawberry girl,

Ossian's serenade,

Old mountain tree,

Sailor boy's dream,

Spirit voice of Belle,

Squire Jones' daughtr

Song my mother sang

Three grains of corn,

Where are the friends

Why chime the bells,

Why don't the men,

Riding on a rail,

Oh, carry me home,

Oh, spare homestead,

Lords of creation shall

Female auctioneer,

Courting in Com.

Bobbin' around,

Bonnie Dundee,

Blue Juniata,

Carrier dove.

Child's wish,

Dearest Mae,

Ella Rea,

Fairy Dell,

Gentle Hallie,

Hattie Lee,

No. 5.

A dollar or two, A man's a man for a' Angels' whisper, Auld lang syne, A Yan, ship and crew, Bashful young man, Call me pet names, Camptown races, Dermot Astore, Dilla Burn, Down the burn, Davy Dumbarton's bonnie, Grave of Bonaparte, Hark, I hear an angel Pdoffer thee this nand In the days when I, Last week I took a wif Meet me by the brook Meet me by moonligh Norah M'Shane, Nothing else to do, Och, Paddy, is it you, Roll on, silver moon, Rose of Allandale, Sambo, I have missed Sam Slap, the bill-stic Something to love, Still so gently o'er me The gambler's wife, The gay cavalier, The ivy green, The lass that loves, The lily of the West, The minute gun at sea The rat-catcher's dau, Thou art gone from, Thou hast wounded, Tis midnight hour, Wake, Dinah, wake, Washington, star oi, When the swallows, William of the ferry,

No. 6. Annie Lisle,

Beautiful Venice, Billy Patterson, Breeze of the night. Bright-eyed lit, Nell, Come, Willie, dear, Deal with me kindly, Dolcy Jones, Down in cane-brakes, Evening gun, Fairy Belle, Farewell, old cottage, Glendy Burk, Happy Switzer, Home I leave behind, Ho, gondolier, awake, How shall I watch !

Wirl nobody marry Young recruit. No. 7. Anchor's weighed, A ride I was taking.

The monks of old,

The tail iv me coat,

Umbrella courtship, We'll have a little, We met by chance, When I saw sweet,

Will you love me,

# BEADLE'S



# BASE-BALL PLAYER,

COMPRISING THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE

NINTH ANNUAL BASE-BALL CONVENTION,

TOGETHER WITH THE

New Rules Adopted; Rules for the Formation of Clubs, etc

ALSO, THE

BASE-BALL AVERAGES FOR 1865.

EDITED BY HENRY CHADWICK.

DIACTOR ADBLES BELLEVILLE, AND AND HOLDS OF THE SERVICE AND MALE THE

BEADLE AND COMPANY, PUBLISHERS,
118 WILLIAM STREET.

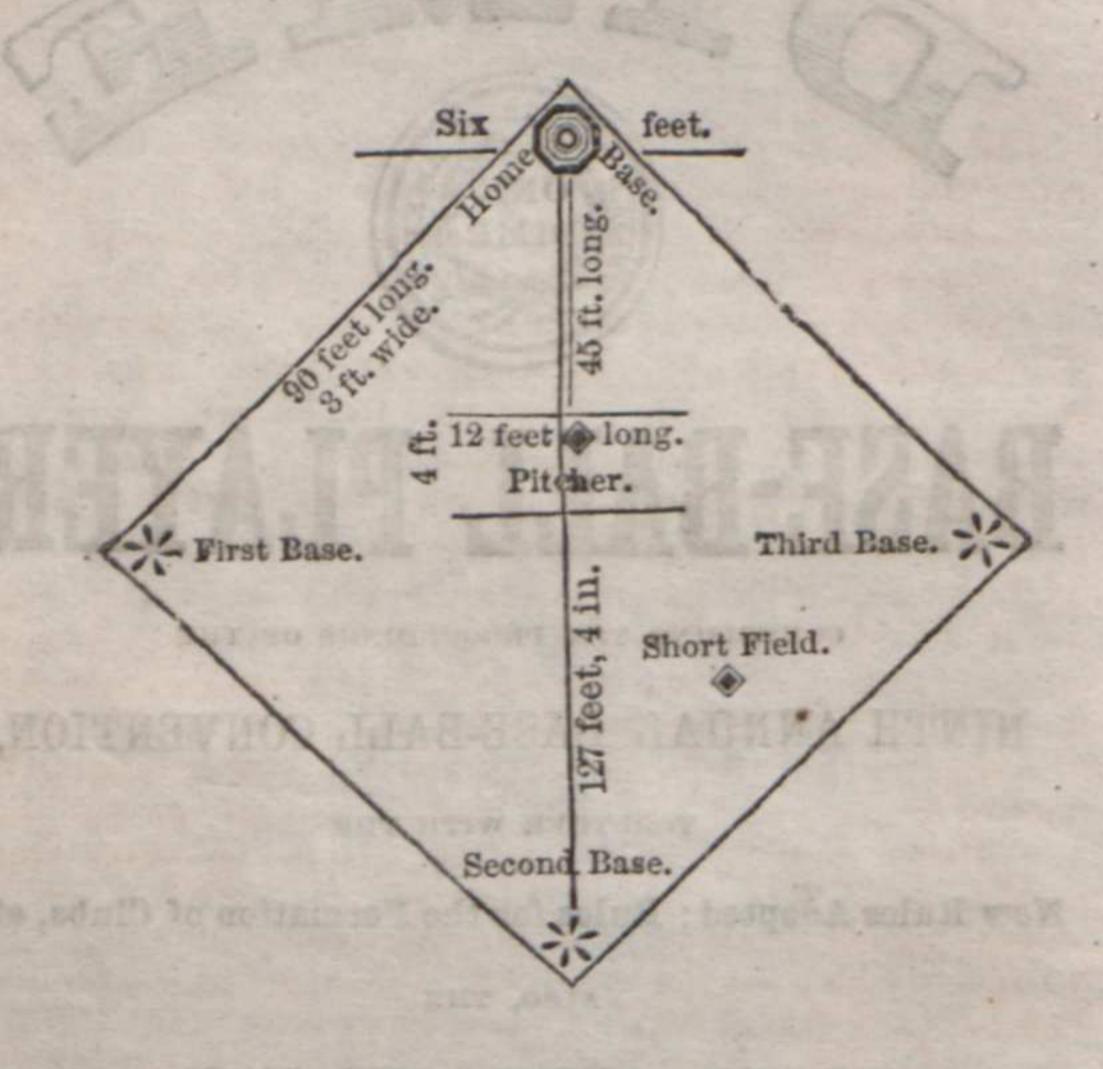
Scorer's Position.

Splai

mo.S

Catcher.

Umpire's Position.



Right & Field.

Left & Field.

Gentre . Field.

DIAGRAM OF A BASE-BALL FIELD, AND POSITION OF THE SCORERS.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1866,

By BEADLE AND COMPANY,

In the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States

for the Southern District of New York.

# BEADLE'S

and if he can give a his such as to senable, him to run the

DIME HASE BALL PLA

# -DIME BASE-BALL PLAYER,

This invigorating exercise and manly pastime may now be justly termed the American Game of Ball, for though of English origin, it has been so modified and improved of late years in this country, as almost to deprive it of any of its original features beyond the mere groundwork of the game. As we propose briefly to note the progress of Base Ball from its origin, we deem it appropriate to introduce the rules for playing the English Game of Rounders, from which Base Ball is derived. We therefore quote as follows from an English work on out-door sports:

Rounders.—This game is played with a ball and bats, or sticks something of the form of a policeman's truncheon. A hole is first made, about a foot across and half a foot deep. Four other stations are marked with pegs stuck into the ground, topped with a piece of paper, so as to be readily seen. Sides are then chosen, one of which goes in. There may be five or more players on each side. Suppose that there are five. One player, on the side that is out, stands in the middle of the five-sided space, and pitches the ball toward the hole. He is called the feeder. The batsman hits it off, if he can; in which case he drops the stick, and runs to the nearest station, thence to the third, and all round if the hit has been a far one. The other side are scouting, and trying to put him out, either by hitting the batsman as he is running, or by sending the ball into the hole, which is called "grounding." The player at the hole may decline to strike the ball, but if he hits at it, and misses twice running, he is out. When a player makes the round of the stations back to the hole, his side counts one toward the game. When all the players are out, either by being hit or the ball being grounded, the other side get their innings. When there are only two players left, a chance is given of prolonging the innings, by one of them getting three balls from the feeder;

and if he can give a hit such as to enable him to run the whole round, all his side come in again, and the counting is resumed. The feeder is generally the best player on his side, much depending on his skill and art. The scouts should seldom aim at the runners from a distance, but throw the ball up to the feeder or to some one near, who will try to hit or to ground, as seems the most advisable.

A caught ball also puts the striker out.

The above is a very simple game, and one designed only for relaxation during the intervals from study in schools, and is entirely devoid of the manly features that. characterize Base Ball as played in this country. Boys and even girls can play Rounders without difficulty; but Base Ball, to be played thoroughly, requires the possession of muscular strength, great agility, quickness of eye, readiness of hand, and many other faculties of mind and body that mark the man of nerve.

But it is needless further to comment on the meritorious features of our American game, suffice it to say that it is a recreation that any one may be proud to excel in, as in order to do so, he must possess the characteristics of true

manhood to a considerable degree.

The history of Base Ball commences at a date anterior to the one we propose to start from; but our present purpose will be fully answered by tracing its progress from the organization of the Knickerbocker Club of New York, which started into existence in the autumn of 1845. There was a Club called the New York Club, which existed before the Knickerbocker, but we shall not be far wrong if we award to the latter club the honor of being the pioneer of the present game of Base Ball.

Before the organization of the Knickerbocker Club, the rule of play, in reference to putting a player out with the ball, was to throw it at him; but one or two severe accidents occurred from the practice of this plan, and the rules were changed to those placing men on each base, and making it requisite for a player to be touched by the ball while in the hands of an adversary. This latter rule was the first innovation on the primitive rules of the game familiar to every school-boy in the Eastern and Middle States. The following are the first regular rules of Base Ball we have any record of. They are those adopted by the Knickerbocker Club in 1845, and by which—with one or two exceptions—they played up to the period of the first convention of Base Ball players.

# First Rules of Base Ball.

Section 1. The bases shall be from "Home" to second base 42 paces; from first to third base 42 paces equidistant.

Section 2. The game to consist of 21 counts or aces, but at the conclusion an equal number of hands must be played.

Section 3. The ball must be pitched and not thrown for

the bat. our eds noque tuchnette tuemestinze bus trement

SECTION 4. A ball knocked outside the range of the first or third base is foul.

SECTION 5. Three balls being struck at and missed, and the last one caught, is a hand out; if not caught, is considered fair, and the striker bound to run.

Section 6. A ball being struck or tipped, and caught

either flying or on the first bound, is a hand out.

Section 7. A player, running the bases, shall be out, if the ball is in the hands of an adversary on the base, as the runner is touched by it before he makes his base—it being understood, however, that in no instance is a ball to be thrown at him.

Section 8. A player running, who shall prevent an adversary from catching or getting the ball before making his base, is a hand out.

Section 9. If two hands are already out, a player running home at the time a ball is struck, can not make an ace if the striker is caught out.

Section 10. Three hands out, all out.

Section 11. Players must take their strike in regular turn.

SECTION 12. No ace or base can be made on a foul strike. Section 13. A runner can not be put out in making one base, when a baulk is made by the pitcher.

Section 14. But one base allowed when the ball bounds

out of the field when struck.

It will be at once perceptible to all who will contrast the above rules with those at present in force, that the game of Base Ball at that period, was not to be compared to the systematic and, to a certain extent, scientific game that is now such an attractive feature of our American sports and pastimes.

The example afforded by the successful operation of the Knickerbocker Club, was soon followed by the formation

of others, and in the course of a few years the Gotham, Eagle, and Empire clubs successively appeared on the ball grounds at Hoboken, as competitors for the enviable notoriety the Knickerbockers had by that time attained by means of the many interesting contests they had inaugurated. The Gotham Club was the next organization to that of the Knickerbocker, and the senior members of many of the clubs now in existence will doubtless long remember the interest and excitement attendant upon the prominent contests between these rival clubs. In fact, it is to this source, in connection with the many attractive features of the game itself, that we may mainly attribute its rapid progress in popularity; for it is well known that where a lively, well-contested, and exciting game is in progress, there will ever be found crowds of interested spectators. We at first designed giving the scores of several of the most prominent of these matches, but we find that such a course will require far more space than we propose occupying in a work like this, which is intended more as a compendium of Base Ball rather than a complete and comprehensive work on the subject. We, therefore, continue our brief reference to the points of special interest in the history of the game, by giving the date of organization of each club that now belong to the National Association, up to the time of the first Convention of Base-Ball Players, which was held in New York, in May, 1857.

Clubs.	Organized.	Location of Ground
Knickerbocker,	Sept., 1845,	Hoboken,
Gotham,	1850,	The state of the s
Eagle,	April, 1852,	o soctil li motersk
Empire,	Oct. 12, 1854,	Supple A. I. Norrang
Excelsior,	Dec. 8, 1854,	South Brooklyn,
Putnam,	May, 1855,	Williamsburgh,
Newark,	May 1, 1855,	Newark.
Baltic,	June 4, 1855,	New York,
Eckford,	June 27, 1855,	Greenpoint,
Union,	July 17, 1855,	Morrisania,
Continental,	Oct., 1855,	Williamsburgh,
Atlantic,	1855,	Jamaica, L. L.,
Harlem,	March, 1856,	New York,
Enterprise,	June 28, 1856,	Bedford,
Atlantic,	Aug. 14, 1856,	as assistance
Star,	Oct., 1856,	South Brooklyn,
4 1	Jan., 1857,	New York,

Liberty, Champion, Hamilton, St. Nicholas,

March, 1857, Metropolitan, March 4, 1857, March 14, 1857, March 23, 1857, April 28, 1857,

New Brunswick, N. J. New York, Brooklyn, Hoboken.

As will be seen from the above record, the years 1855 and 1856 were prolific of new clubs, and, of course, a great number of exciting contests took place, the result of which was the creation of a thorough furore for the game, and the manifestation of a great degree of interest in the welfare and progress of this manly pastime, by the rapidly increasing numbers of the advocates of out-door sports.

At the close of the season of 1856, a review of the many contests that had taken place, led to the knowledge of the benefit that would accrue to the game, if a proper revision of the rules were to be had, and a new code established. After several preliminary meetings had been held by the prominent clubs among themselves, it was decided to call a convention of delegates from each of the clubs, for the purpose of establishing a permanent code of rules by which all could, in future, be governed. In pursuance of this resolve, a call, signed by the officers of the Knickerbocker Club—as the senior organization of the kind, was issued. and the ultimate result was the assembling of the delegates to the first Convention of Base-Ball Players, which convention was held in New York City, in May, 1857.

At this convention a series of rules and reglautions were adopted, by which the various clubs, who were represented in the convention, were governed during the season of 1857. In March, 1858, the second convention was held. and at this meeting the annual convention was declared a permanent organization, and the requisite constitution and by-laws having been formed, the "NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BASE-BALL PLAYERS" sprang into existence, and commenced its useful career, which has thus far been one as beneficial to the interests of the game, as it has been cred-

itable to its respective members.

The first annual meeting of this Association was held at the Cooper Institute, March 9, 1859, at which convention the rules and regulations were again revised and amended, in accordance with the improvements the experience of the previous season's play had rendered necessary. The officers of the Association, too, were re-elected. It was

at this convention that the abolition of the custom of furnishing refreshments on the occasion of matches, was unanimously recommended. This custom, which originated in a desire to promote friendly intercourse between the members of the several clubs, had degenerated into one, seriously detrimental to the interests of the game, owing to the spirit of emulation that arose among the clubs, each aspiring to excel each other in the expense and splendor of these entertainments. It almost led to the dismemberment of three or four of the leading clubs, and the abolishing of the custom was as desirable as it was prudent. Since then it has never exceeded the bounds of moderation, and therefore has nost all its objectionable features.

For the benefit of those clubs desirous of belonging to the National Association—as all should that have the interest and welfare of the game at heart—we present the following articles of the Constitution which refer to the admission of clubs, etc. We would premise that the objects of the Association are to improve, foster, and perpetuate the American game of Base-Ball, and the cultivation of kindly feelings among the differ-

ent members of Base-Ball Clubs.

ARTICLE 3, Section 1, of the Constitution reads as follows: This Association shall be composed of two delegates from each of the Base-Ball Clubs which have been duly admitted to a representation in the Convention forming this Constitution, and from each of the clubs which may be admitted to a representation in the

Section 2. Any Base-Ball Club desiring to be represented in this Association shall present to the Recording Secretary at least thirty days previous to the annual meeting of this Association (which takes place the second Wednesday in December of each year), a written application, signed by its President and Secretary, setting forth the name of the club, date of its organization, days and places of paying, names of its officers and delegates, and the number of members composing it, which shall be immediately submitted to the Committee on Nominations; but no such application shall be received by said Secretary unless presented thirty

different of the thanesintions too, avere re-elected

days previous to the annual meeting. Said Committee shall, thereupon, ascertain the condition, character, and standing of such club, and report the same to the annual meeting, together with the said application, and their written opinion thereon; and a ballot shall thereupon be had at such meeting upon the admission of such club, when, if two-thirds of the members present vote in favor thereof, such club shall be declared duly entitled to representation in this Association. Any informality or irregularity in the form or substance of the application, may be waived by a two-third vote of the members present at the annual meeting.

Section 3. No Club shall be represented in this Association, unless it be composed of at least eighteen active members, or by any delegate under twenty-one years of age: nor shall any Club be so represented until its delegates have signed the Constitution and paid the fee hereafter designated. (The fees are five dollars ini-

tiation fee and two dollars annual dues.)

It is also requisite that delegates have certificates of their election, signed by the President and Secretary

of the Club they represent.

ARTICLE 8. No Club, now a member of this Association, which shall admit or retain a person, as a member thereof, who has been guilty of the reprehensible conduct of conspiring with any person or persons to cause, or who shall by any connivance, bargain or overt act, cause the loss of a match-game of ball in which he is or may be one of the contestants, either previous to or during the progress of such game of ball, for money, place, position, emolument, or any consideration of any nature whatever, shall be entitled to continue a member of this Association, or be admitted to membership thereof; and no new Club shall be admitted to membership therein which has among its members any one who has been convicted of any such action; and no match game shall be played by any Club belonging to this Association with any Club which has or may have at any time any such person or persons among its members, under penalty of forfeiture of membership to the National Association of Base-Ball Players: a language of thinks nonlicon a radiating agil. A .Date

# RULES AND REGULATIONS

ADOPTED BY THE

# National Association of Base-Ball Players,

HELD IN NEW YORK, DEC. 13TH, 1865.

SEC. 1. The ball must weigh not less than five and one-half, nor more than five and three-fourths ounces, avoirdupois. It must measure not less than nine and one-half, nor more than nine and three-fourths inches in circumference. It must be composed of India rubber and yarn, and covered with leather, and, in all match games, shall be furnished by the challenging club, and become the property of the winning club as a trophy of victory.

SEC. 2. The bat must be round, and must not exceed two and a half inches in diameter in the thickest part. It must be made of wood, and may be of any length to suit the

striker.

SEC. 3. The bases must be four in number, placed at equal distances from each other, and securely fastened upon each corner of a square, whose sides are respectively thirty yards. They must be so constructed as to be distinctly seen by the umpire, and must cover a space equal to one square foot of surface. The first, second, and third bases shall be canvas bags, painted white, and filled with some soft material; the home base and pitcher's point to be each marked by a flat circular iron plate, painted or enameled white.

SEC. 4. The base from which the ball is struck shall be designated the Home Base, and must be directly opposite to the second base; the first base must always be that upon the right-hand, and the third base that upon the left-hand side of the striker, when occupying his position at the Home Base. And in all match games, a line connecting the home and first base and the home and third base, shall be marked by the use of chalk, or other suitable material, so as to be

distinctly seen by the umpire.

Many of our clubs have an iron quoit for the home base, that is in direct violation of the rule which states that the home base must be marked by "a flat circular iron plate." Those we allude to rise in the center, and the consequence is, when a ball touches the base, it flies off at a tangent, instead of rebounding as if it had touched the ground, as it would do were it flat, as the rule prescribes.

SEC. 5. The pitcher's position shall be designated by two

lines, four yards in length drawn at right angles to a line from home to second base, having their centers upon that line at two fixed iron plates, placed at points fifteen and 16 & 1-3 yards distant from the home base. The pitcher must sand within the lines, and must deliver the ball as near as possible over the center of the home base, and for the striker.

It will be seen that the rule requires the ball to be pitched as near as possible over the home base, and for the striker; the pitcher, therefore, has no right to pitch the ball to the catcher especially, as is often done when a player is on the first base, and umpires should see that the rule is enforced.

This important change was made by the Convention of 1863. The object being to do away with the unfair style of pitching that was in vogue during 1861, '62, and '63, during which period those pitchers who failed in achieving the success attained by the lamented Creighton offset their want of skill by trying to intimidate the batsmen by pitching the ball at them instead of for them as the rules require.

SEC. 6. Should the pitcher repeatedly fail to deliver to the striker fair balls, for the apparent purpose of delaying the game, or for any cause, the umpire, after warning him, shall call one ball, and if the pitcher persists in such action, two and three balls; when three balls shall have been called, the striker shall take the first base; and should any base be occupied at that time, each player occupying it or them shall take one base without being put out.

In warning the pitcher before calling balls on him, all that is necessary is to call "ball to the bat;" and if two balls are pitched unfairly after such warning, "one ball" should be called, and if one unfair ball be delivered after that call, then "two" and "three" balls should be promptly called. A pitcher "repeatedly" fails if he fails twice in succession; and he "persists" in his unfair delivery if he pitch one ball after the first penalty has been imposed. In the first innings of a game, a little more latitude is allowable, but afterwards the rule should be strictly enforced to the very letter of the law.

SEC. 7. The ball must be pitched, not jerked or thrown

to the bat; and whenever the pitcher moves with the apparent purpose or pretension to deliver the ball, he shall so deliver it, and must have neither foot in advance of the front line or off the ground at the time of delivering the ball; and if he fails in either of these particulars, then it shall be declared a baulk.

The pitcher makes a baulk when he either jerks a ball to the bat, has either foot in advance of the line of his position, or off the ground at the time of delivering the ball, or moves with the apparent purpose of pitching, without delivering the ball. The sentence "time of delivering the ball" has been interpreted by the Committee on Rules and Regulations of the National Association to mean, the period when the last movement of the arm is made in delivering the ball; and consequently if either foot of the pitcher be off the ground when this movement is made—it being nearly simultaneous with the ball's leaving the hand of the pitcher—umpires must declare a baulk without being appealed to.

SEC. 8. When a baulk is made by the pitcher, every player running the bases is entitled to one base, without being put out.

The striker can not take a base, on a baulk, as he is not considered a "player running the bases" until he has made the first base and ceased to be a striker.

Sec. 9. If the ball, from a stroke of the bat, first touches the ground, the person of a player or any other object, behind the range of home and the first base, or home and the third base, it shall be termed foul, and must be so declared by the umpire, unasked. If the ball first touches the ground, either upon, or in front of the range of those bases, it shall be considered fair.

Nothing is mentioned in Section 9 in reference to any ball that is caught, either on the fly or first bound, after touching the side of a building, a fence, or a tree. In such cases a special rule is requisite before beginning a match.

SEC. 10. A player making the home base, shall be entitled to score one run.

SEC. 11. If three balls are struck at, and missed, and the last one is not caught, either flying or upon the first bound, it shall be considered fair, and the striker must attempt to make his run.

SEC. 12. The striker is out if a foul ball is estable, either

before touching the ground, or upon the first board.

SEC. 13. Or, if three balls are struck at and missed, and the last is caught, either before touching the ground, or upon the first bound.

The bound-catch, in this instance—the ball striking the ground back of the home base—is considered in the light of a foul ball, as far as the fly-game is concerned, and consequently when the ball is caught on the bound, on the third strike, the player must be given out, the same as he was last year under the bound rule.

SEC. 14. Or, if a fair ball is struck, and the ball is caught

without having touched the ground.

SEC. 15. Or, if a fair ball is struck, and the ball is held by an adversary on first base, before the striker touches that base.

SEC. 16. Any player running the bases is out, if at any time he is touched by the ball while in play in the hands of an adversary, without some part of his person being on the base.

All that is requisite for a player to "hold his base,' according to the meaning of the rule, is, for him to touch the base bag, no matter whether the bag is in its position or not.

SEC. 17. No ace or base can be made upon a foul ball; such a ball shall be considered dead, and not in play until it shall first have been settled in the hands of the pitcher. In such cases players running bases shall return to them, and may be put out in so returning in the same manner as

the striker when running to the first base.

SEC. 18. No ace nor base can be made when a fair ball has been caught without having touched the ground; such a ball shall be considered alive and in play. In such case players running bases shall return to them, and may be put out in so returning, in the same manner as the striker when running to first base; but players, when balls are so caught, may run their bases immediately after the ball has been settled in the hands of the player catching it.

It will be seen by the above two Sections that a player running a base on a foul ball must return to the base he has left and remain on it until the ball has been fairly settled in the hands of the pitcher. But in case of fly-catches, a player running a base is only required to return and touch the base, after which he cap reave

it at once and try and make the next base. He must, however, touch the base after the ball has been caught.

SEC. 19. The striker must stand on a line drawn through the center of the home base, not exceeding in length three feet from either side thereof, and parallel with the line occupied by the pitcher. He shall be considered the striker until he has made the first base. Players must strike in regular rotation, and, after the first innings is played, the turn commences with the player who stands on the list next to the one who lost the third hand.

This rule should be strictly enforced by the umpire. A striker has no right to avail himself of the advantage derived from standing back of the line of his position, thereby increasing the distance between himself and the pitcher and obtaining a better opportunity of judging the ball. Besides which, a poorly hit ball which would strike the ground in front of the home base—if the batsman stood on the line of his base—and lead to his being put out, is changed to a foul ball by his standing back of his base, and he thereby escapes the penalty of his poor batting.

SEC. 20. Players must make their bases in the order of striking; and when a fair ball is struck, and not caught flying, the first base must be vacated, as also the second and third bases, if they are occupied at the same time. Players may be put out on any base, under these circumstances, in the same manner as the striker when running to the first base.

SEC. 21. Players running bases must touch them; and, so far as possible, keep upon the direct line between them; and must touch them in the following order; first, second, third, and home; and if returning must reverse this order; and should any player run three feet out of this line, for the purpose of avoiding the ball in the hands of an adversary, he shall be declared out.

A player failing to touch his base must be declared out—after an appeal—unless he can return to the base before he is touched.

SEC. 22. Any player, who shall intentionally prevent an adversary from catching or fielding the ball, shall be declared out.

SEC. 23. If the player is prevented from making a base, by the intentional obstruction of an adversary, he shall be entitled to that base, and not be put out. These two latter Sections are, of course, intended solely for any willful or unnecessary obstruction. It is impossible that a player, while in the act of fielding a swiftly-sent ball, can always be on the lookout as to where his adversary is running; or that a player running the bases can always be equally careful in regard to his preventing an adversary from getting to his base. Some base players have a habit of pushing players off their bases while in the act of receiving the ball. Such unfair play should be punished by promptly inflicting the above penalty.

SEC. 24. If an adversary stops the ball with his hat or cap, or if a ball be stopped by any person not engaged in the game, or if it be taken from the hands of any one not engaged in the game, no player can be put out unless the ball shall first have been settled in the hands of the pitcher.

SEC. 25. If a ball, from the stroke of a bat, is held under any other circumstances than as enumerated in Section 22d, and without having touched the ground more than once, the

striker is out.

SEC. 26. If two hands are already out, no player running home at the time the ball is struck, can make a run to count in the score of the game if the striker is put out.

SEC. 27. An innings must be concluded at the time the

third hand is put out.

SEC. 28. The game shall consist of nine innings to each side, when, should the number of runs be equal, the play shall be continued until a majority of runs, upon an equal number of innings, shall be declared, which shall conclude

the game.

SEC. 29. In playing all matches, nive players from each club shall constitute a full field, and they must have been regular members of the club which they represent, and of no other club, either in or out of the National Association, for thirty days prior to the match. No change or substitution shall be made after the game has been commenced, unless for reason of illness or injury. Position of players and choice of innings shall be determined by captains, previously appointed for that purpose by the respective clubs.

This rule of course excludes players belonging to Junior clubs from taking part in Senior club matches, and likewise excludes players belonging to any base ball club, but not cricket clubs, as cricket is a distinct game of ball.

SEC. 30. The umpire shall take care that the regulations respecting the ball, bats, bases, and the pitcher's and striker's position are strictly observed. He shall be the judge of fair and unfair play, and shall determine all disputes and differences which may occur during the game; he shall take special care to declare all foul balls and baulks immediately upon their occurrence, unasked, in a distinct and audible manner. He shall, in every instance, before leaving the ground, declare the winning club, and shall record his decision in the books of the scorers.

SEC. 31. In all matches the umpire shall be selected by the captains of the respective sides, and shall perform all the duties enumerated in Section 30, except recording the game, which shall be done by two scorers, one of whom shall be

appointed by each of the contending clubs.

SEC. 32. No person engaged in a match, either as umpire, scorer, or player, shall be either directly or indirectly interested in any bet upon the game. Neither umpire, scorer, nor player shall be changed during a match, unless with the consent of both parties (except for a violation of this law) except as provided in Section 29, and then the umpire may dismiss any transgressors.

This rule was almost entirely ignored last season; for there was scarcely a game played in which some one or other of the parties above named did not bet on the result. This year more care will be taken to observe the rule; for those who bet large sums on the leading contests of the season intend to dispute the loss of their bets in all cases wherein this rule is not observed; and they will have the right—according to the best sporting authority—to hold the stake-holder responsible in every instance in which he pays over the stakes to the winner when this rule has been broken; for under such circumstances the wager is not fairly won, unless those who bet mutually agree beforehand to allow of such infringement of the rules of the game.

SEC. 33. The umpite in any match shall determine when play shall be suspended; and if the game can not be concluded it shall be decided by the last even innings, provided five intings have been played, and the party having the greatest number of runs shall be declared the winner.

Sec. 24. Claims may adopt such rules respecting balls knocked beyond or outside of the bounds of the field, as the circumstances of the ground may demand; and these rules thall govern an enatches placed won the ground, provide

that they are distinctly made known to every player and

umpire, previous to the commencement of the game.

Sec. 35. No person shall be permitted to approach or to speak with the umpire, scorers, or players, or in any manner to interrupt or interfere during the progress of the game, unless by special request of the umpire.

SEC. 36. No person shall be permitted to act as umpire or scorer in any match, unless he shall be a member of a Base-

Ball Club governed by these rules.

This rule has never been properly observed. Every club should appoint a regular scorer for the season, and he should be competent to record the fielding as well as batting score of the game. Until this is done a full analysis of the season's play of a club can not be obtained.

SEC. 37. Whenever a match shall have been determined upon between two clubs, play shall be called at the exact hour appointed; and should either party fail to produce their players within fifteen minutes thereafter, the party so failing shall admit a defeat.

This rule has always been a dead letter. When clubs appoint a time for calling the game, it should be promptly proceeded with after the time allowed by the

rule has expired.

SEC. 38. Any match game played by any club in contravention of the rules adopted by this Association, shall be considered null and void, and shall not be counted in the list of match games won or lost, except a game be delayed by rain beyond the time appointed to commence the same. Any match game can be put off by mutual consent of the parties about engaging in the game. No match game shall be commenced in the rain.

This is a new rule, and was designed to obviate the difficulty attending upon the repudiation of any rule of the game any two clubs may mutually agree to ignore. Thus, for instance, any two clubs agreeing to allow a member of either club to play in a match who has not been a member for thirty days previous to a match, by this rule can not claim the ball won, or count the match played as a regular game. The exception made in case of rain refers to that rule which requires a game to be commenced within fifteen minutes of the time appointed.

SEC. 39. No person who shall be in arrears to any other club, or who shall at any time receive compensation for his

services as player, shall be competent to play in any match.

SEC. 40. Should a striker stand at the bat without striking at good balls repeatedly pitched to him, for the apparent purpose of delaying the game, or of giving advantage to a player, the umpire, after warning him, shall call one strike, and if he persists in such action, two and three strikes. When three strikes are called he shall be subject to the

same rules as if he had struck at three fair balls.

Section 40 is a rule that should be strictly enforced, as it refers to a part of the game that is oft-times a very tedious and annoying feature. How often do we see the striker, the moment his predecessor has made his first base, stand still at the home base and await the moment when the player on the first base can avail himself of the failure of either the pitcher or catcher to hold the ball while tossing it backward and forward to each other. Some catchers—chiefly among boys, however-actually stand to the right of the home base purposely for this style of game; and even when the pitcher and catcher are inclined to do their duty, the batsman is not, and the latter is frequently allowed to stop the progress of the game by his refusal to strike at good balls, under the plea that they do not suit him, when it is apparent to all that he simply wants to allow his partner to get to his second base. In every respect it is preferable to play the game marfully, and without resorting to any such trickery as this, which not only tires the spectator, but detracts from the merit of the game itself. Even under the new rule of pitching, this unfair play was practiced last season. It is to be hoped that umpires will do their duty this year, and put an entire stop to it, which they have the power to do.

SEC. 41. Every match hereafter made shall be decided by the best two games out of three, unless a single game shall be mutually agreed upon by the contesting clubs.

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a game to be commenced within time on minutes of the

# Selection of a Ground.

In selecting a suitable ground, there are many points to be taken into consideration. The ground should be level, and the surface free from all irregularities, and, if possible, covered with fine turf; if the latter can not be done, and the soil is gravelly, a loamy soil should be laid down around the bases, and all the gravel removed therefrom, because, at the bases frequent falls occur, and on gravelly soil injury, in such cases, will surely result to both the clothes and body of the player, in the shape of scraped hands, arms, knees, etc.

The ground should be well rolled, as it adds greatly to the pleasure of playing to have the whole field smooth and in good order; it will be found that such a course will fully compensate for the trouble and expense attending it.

The proper size for a ground is about six hundred feet in length, by four hundred in breadth, although a smaller field will answer. The home base must be full seventy feet from the head of the field. The space of ground immediately behind the home base, and occupied by the catcher, should be not only free from turf, but the ground should be packed hard and smooth, and free from gravel. To mark the position for the bases, square blocks of wood or stone should be placed in the ground, low enough to be level with the surface, at the base points, to each of which strong iron staple should be attached. If the blocks are of stone, have the staples inserted with lead; and if made of wood, let the staples be screwed in, not driven, for in the latter case they will either become loose, or ultimately driven into the wood altogether; in either case, becoming entirely useless.

#### Measuring the Ground.

There are several methods by which the ground may be correctly measured; the following is as simple as any. Having determined on the point of the home base, measure from that point, down the field, one hundred and twenty-seven feet four inches, and the end will indicate the position of the second base; then take a cord one hundred and eighty feet long, fasten one end at the home base, and the other at the second, and then grasp it in the center and extend it first to the right side, which will give the point

of the first base, and then to the left, which will indicate the position of the third; this will give the exact measurement, as the string will thus form the sides of a square whose side is ninety feet. On a line from the home to the second base, and distant from the former forty-five feet, is the pitcher's first point, the second point being three feet further, on the same line. The foul-ball posts are placed on a line with the home and first base, and home and third, and should be at least one hundred feet from the bases. As these posts are intended solely to assist the umpire in his decisions in reference to foul balls, they should be high enough from the ground, and painted, so as to be distinctly seen from the umpire's position.

# The Bases.

The bases should be made of the best heavy canvas, and of double thickness, as there will be much jumping on them with spiked shoes, and if the best material be not used, it soon wears out. The proper size of a base is about fourteen inches by seventeen; but as long as it covers one square foot of ground, when secured to the base post, the requirements of the rules will be fulfilled. The straps with which the bases are held in position, should be made of harness leather, about one and a half inches wide. They must pass entirely around the bases, and securely fastened to them. New bases filled with hair and with patent fastenings have recently been introduced.

# Pitcher's Point and Home Base.

The location of the pitcher's points and the home base are indicated by means of iron quoits painted white, and not less than nine inches in diameter. They should be cast with iron spikes running from the under side to keep them in place. The line of the pitcher's position should be marked by the insertion in the ground of a piece of hard wood, six feet long, about two inches wide, and from six to eight deep. It should be inserted so that the umpire can see it.

#### The Bat.

The rule regulating the form and dimensions of the bat is as follows: "Section 2. The bat must be round, and

extend it first to the right side, which will give the point

must not exceed two and a half inches in diameter in the thickest part. It must be made of wood, and may be of any length to suit the striker." While all are limited to a particular size in diameter, it will be observed that no objection is made as to any particular length or weight. Bats are from thirty to forty inches in length, and from two to three pounds in weight, the former weight being most desirable.

The description of wood most in use is ash, but maple, white and pitch pine, and also hickory bats are in common

use, weight for the size governing the selection.

For a bat of medium weight, ash is preferable, as its fiber is tough and elastic. The English willow has recently been used, and is favorably regarded by many. This latter wood is very light and close in fiber, and answers the purpose better than any other wood for a light bat.

In the choice of a bat, select a light one, as it can be wielded better, and in match games it is desirable that the player be able to strike quick enough to meet the rapid pitching that has recently come in vogue. We would not recommend a bat much under two pounds in weight, as some weight is required to overcome the resistance of the ball.

# on Batting.

Players have different modes, and adopt different styles of batting; some take the bat with the left hand on the handle, and slide the right from the large end toward the handle; others grasp it nearly one-third of the distance from the small end, so that both hands appear near the middle of the bat; others again take hold with both hands well down on the handle, and swing the bat with a natural and free stroke, while great force is given to the hit: all give good reasons for their several styles. Practice with one bat, as a player thereby becomes more sure of striking than he would were he constantly to change his bat. In striking at the ball, do not try to hit it so hard that you throw yourself off your balance, but plant your feet firmly on the ground, and swing the bat in as natural a manner as possible. The secret of hard-hitting lies in the quick stroke and firm position of the batsman the moment the ball is struck. This will account for some small and light men being hard hitters. Let the left foot be placed on the line indicated as the striker's position, and then every ball that comes perpendicularly from the bat to the ground will be a foul ball; but should you stand back of the line, it will not.

# of ew mont bank The Ball. The Ball.

The rule states that the ball must be composed of India rubber and yarn, covered with leather, the proper weight being five and three-quarter ounces avoirdupois, and its circumference nine and three-quarter inches. The balls are easily made, but it would be advisable to obtain them from some well-known maker, as there will then be no chance of their being wrong in size or weight. The covering is usually sheepskin, and on a turf ground this covering will last some time.

### The Game.

Base Ball is played by nine players on a side: one side taking the bat, and the other the field. The latter occupy the following positions in the field: Catcher, Pitcher, First Second and Third Basemen, Short Stop, and Right Left and Center Fieldsman. The side that wins the toss, have the choice of taking the bat or the field at their option. The batsman stands at the home base, on a line drawn through its center—parallel to one extending from first to third base—and extending three feet on each side of it. When he hits the ball, he starts for the first base, and is succeeded by player after player until three are put out, at which time the side occupying the field take their places at the bat, and, in like manner, play their innings.

When the batsman succeeds in reaching the home base, intouched by the ball in the hands of an adversary, and after successively touching the first, second, and third bases, he is entitled to score one run; and when he hits the ball far enough to admit of his making the four bases before it is returned, he makes what is termed a home run. Nine innings are played on each side, and the party making the greatest number of runs win the match. In case of a tie, at the close of the ninth inning, the game, by mutual consent, can be prolonged innings after innings until one or other of the contesting sides obtain the most runs. And if any thing occur is interrupt or put a stop to the game before five innings, a each side have been played,

the game must be drawn. The rules and regulations of the game define all further particulars in reference to it.

#### THE POSITIONS ON THE FIELD.

#### The Catcher.

This player is expected to catch or stop all balls pitched or thrown to the home base. He must be fully prepared to catch all foul balls, especially tips, and be able to throw the ball swiftly and accurately to the bases, and also keep a bright look-out over the whole field. When a player has made his first base, the Catcher should take a position nearer the striker, in order to take the ball from the pitcher before it bounds; and the moment the ball is delivered by the pitcher, and the player runs from the first to the second base, the Catcher should take the ball before bounding, and send it to the second base as swiftly as possible, in time to cut off the player before he can touch the base; in the latter case it would be as well, in the majority of cases, to send the ball a little to the right of the base. The same advice holds good in reference to a player running from the second base to the third. As the position occupied by the Catcher affords him the best view of the field, the person filling it is generally chosen captain, although the pitcher is sometimes selected for that honor. We would suggest, however, that some other player than the pitcher be selected as captain, from the fact that the physical labor attached to that position tends to increase the player's excitement, especially if the contest is a close one, and it is requisite that the captain should be as cool and collected as possible. We would suggest to the Catcher the avoidance of the boyish practice of passing the ball to and from the pitcher when a player is on the first base; let the discredit of this style of game fall on the batsman, if any one, as then the umpire can act in the matter; we have referred to this matter elsewhere, as it is a feature of the game that is a tiresome one. The Catcher, whenever he sees several fielders running to catch a ball, should designate the one he deems most sure of taking it, by name, in which case the others should refrain from the attempt to catch the ball on the fly, and strive only to take it on the bound in case of its being otherwise missed.

#### The Pitcher.

This player's position is behind a line four yards in length, drawn at right angles to a line from home to second base, and having its center upon that line at a point distant forty-five feet from the former base. His movements, immediately preceding, and at the time of delivering the ball are to be confined to a space of ground bounded by the above line, and one four feet in the rear of it; and while in the act of delivering the ball both of his feet must be on the ground. He must pitch the ball, not jerk or throw it; and he must deliver the ball as near as possible over the home base, and for the striker, and sufficiently high to prevent its bounding before it passes the base. If he fails in this respect, it is the umpire's duty to call balls upon him, as prescribed in section 6 of the rules. When in the act of delivering the ball, the pitcher must avoid having either foot in advance of the line of his position, and must have both feet on the ground, or otherwise a baulk will be declared; this penalty is also inflicted when he moves with the apparent purpose of delivering the ball, and fails so to do. When a player attempts to run in to the home base while he is pitching, he should follow the ball to the home base as soon as it leaves his hand, and be ready at the base to take it from the catcher. The pitcher will frequently have to occupy the bases on occasions when the proper guardian has left it to field the ball. And in cases where a foul ball has been struck, and the player running a base endeavors to receive the ball at the point nearest the base in question, in order to comply with Section 16 of the rules. The pitcher, who can combine a high degree of speed with an even delivery, and at the same time can, at pleasure, impart a bias or twist to the ball, is the most effective player in that position. We would remind him that in cases where a player has reached his first base after striking, it is the pitcher's duty to pitch the ball to the bat, and not to the catcher; and should the batsman refuse to strike at good balls repeatedly pitched to him, it will be the umpire's duty to call one strike, etc., according to Section 40 of the

#### Short Stop.

This position on the field is a very important one, for on the activity and judgment of the Short Stop depends the greater part of the in-fielding. His duties are to stop all balls that come within his reach, and pass them to whatever base the striker may be running to-generally, however, the first base. In each case his arm must be sure, and the ball sent in swiftly, and rather low than high. He must back up the pitcher, and, when occasion requires, cover the third base when the catcher throws to it; also back up the second and third bases when the ball is thrown in from the field. He should be a fearless fielder, and one ready and able to stop a swift ground-ball; and if he can throw swiftly and accurately, it would be as well to be a little deliberate in sending the ball to the first base, as it is better to be sure and just in time, than to risk a wild throw by being in too great a hurry. His position is generally in the center of the triangle formed by the second and third bases and the pitcher's position, but he should change it according to his knowledge of the striker's style of batting. He must also be on the alert to take foul balls on the bound that are missed on the fly by either the third baseman or pitcher, or indeed any other player he can get near enough to to be effective in this respect. In doing this, however, he should be careful not to interfere with the fielder who is about catching the ball; so as to prevent him doing so, the catcher will call to that fielder who he thinks will best take a ball on the fly. An effective Short Stop and a good first base player, especially if they are familiar with each other's play, will materially contribute to the successful result of a well-contested game.

# First Base.

The First Baseman should play a little below his base and inside the line of the foul-ball post, as he will then get within reach of balls that would otherwise pass him. The moment the ball is struck, and he finds that it does not come near him, he should promptly return to his base, and stand in readiness, with one foot on the base, to receive the ball from any player that may have fielded it. The striker can be put out at this base without being touched by the ball, provided the fielder, with the ball in hand, touches the base with any part of his person before the

striker reaches it. The player will find it good practice to stand with one foot on the base, and see how far he can reach and take the ball from the fielder; this practice will prepare him for balls that are thrown short of the base. In the same manner he should learn to jump up and take high balls. This position requires the player filling it to be the very best of catchers, as he will be required to hold very swiftly-thrown balls. The moment he has held the ball, he should promptly return it to the pitcher, or to either of the other bases a player is running to, as in some instances two and sometimes three players are put out by promptitude in this respect. For instance, we will suppose a player to be on each of the first, second, and third bases, and the striker hits the ball to short field, the latter sends it to the catcher, who, in turn, sends it to the third base and the third baseman to second, and if this be done rapidly in each case, all three players will be put out, as it is only requisite, under such circumstances, for the ball to be held—not the player to be touched with it for each player to be put out. Should the ball, however, be sent to first base, and the striker be put out, in such case it will be requisite that each other player be touched with the ball, as in the first case they are forced from their bases, but in the latter they are not. We give this as an illustration of a very pretty point of the game. For the rule in reference to it, see Sections 17 and 18.

## Second Base.

This position is considered by many to be the key of the field, and therefore requires an excellent player to occupy it. He should be an accurate and swift thrower, a sure catcher, and a thorough fielder. He should play a little back of his base, and to the right or left of it, according to the habitual play of the striker, but generally to the left, as most balls pass in that direction. He should back up the pitcher well, allowing no balls to pass both that player and himself too. When the striker reaches the first base, the Second Baseman should immediately return to his base and stand prepared to receive the ball from the catcher, and put out his opponent by touching him with the ball, which it

touches the base with any part of his person before the

is requisite to do on this base as well as on the third and home bases, except in the cases of balls caught on the fly, or foul balls, in both of which instances a player can be put out in returning to the base he has left, in the same manner as when running to the first base,—see rule 17. When the catcher fails to throw the ball with accuracy to the Second Baseman, the latter should by all means manage to stop the ball, if he can not catch it, in time to put out his opponent. He should also promptly return the ball to the pitcher.

#### Third Base.

The Third Base is quite as important a position as the others, and it requires its occupant to be a good player, as some very pretty play is frequently shown on this base. Its importance, however, depends in a great measure upon the ability displayed by the catcher. who, if he is not particularly active, will generally sacrifice this base by giving his principal attention to the second. A player who catches with his left hand will not make a good Third Baseman. The same advice in regard to the proper method of practice for the first base, is equally applicable to the second and third, but it is not quite as necessary to the two latter as to the former. Should a player be caught between the bases, in running from one to the other, it is the surest plan to run in an put the player out at once, instead of passing the ball backward and forward, as a wild throw, or a ball missed, will almost invariably give the player the base. All three of the basemen should avoid, by all fair means, obstructing the striker from reaching the base, as the penalty for any willful obstruction is the giving of the base to the striker. We scarcely need to remind each of the basemen that whenever they ask for judgment from the umpire, on any point of play, that they should forbear from commenting on the same, be it good or bad, but receive it in entire silence. Such is the course a gentleman will always pursue.

# Left Field.

This position requires the fielder who occupies it to be a good runner, a fine thrower, and an excellent and sure

while it, therefore, vertuined considerable in the

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catcher; as probably three out of every six balls hit are sent toward the left field.

# Center Field. History

The same qualities are requisite also in this position, as necessary in the left field, but not to the extent required by the latter fielder. The Center Fielder should always be in readiness to back up the second base, and should only go to long field in cases where a hard-hitter is at the bat.

### Right Field.

This is the position that the poorest player of the nine—
if there be any such—should occupy; not that the position
does not require as good a player to occupy it as the others, but that it is only occasionally, in comparison to other
portions of the field, that balls are sent in this direction.

#### On Fielding.

In all cases, the above fielders should be able to throw the ball from long field to the home base, and after they have either caught or stopped the ball, they should promptly return it, either to the base requiring it, or to the pitcher, but they should never hold the ball a moment longer than is necessary to throw it. Another point of their fielding should be to start the moment the ball is hit, and try their utmost to take it on the fly, and not wait until it is about touching the ground, and then, boy-like, try to take it on the bound. Nothing disappoints the spectator, or dissatisfies the batsman so much, as to see a fine hit to the long field caught on the bound in this simple, childish manner. If the ball, in such a case, be taken on the fly, or even on the bound, after a good run for it, the catch being a difficult one, none will regret it, but on the contrary, applaud the skill that has been so successfully displayed, -it is only the simple catch on the bound that we object to. Bear in mind that it is easier to run forward to take a ball, than, by being too eager, to try and take it by running backward; remember, however, that a ball hit high to long field invariably appears to be coming further than it really does, as after it has reached its height, it falls at a far more acute angle than it arose with; it, therefore, requires considerable judgment to

measure the precise distance it will fall. We need not impress on all fielders the propriety of endeavoring to take every ball they can on the fly. In many instances it is really easier and a surer method than waiting for the bound, and unquestionably is the prettiest mode of catching, for though we occasionally see some exceeding difficult and skillful catches on the bound, they are few and far between, besides a fielder has two chances in attempting a catch on the fly, for should he fail in the first instance, he has the resource of the catch on the bound afterward. We would not envy the position of the fielder who mars the beauty of a fine hit by waiting until the force of the ball is spent on the ground, and then catching it on the rebound,—a feat a boy ten years of age would scarcely be proud of.

#### The Batsman.

This player must take his position on a line drawn through the center of the home base, not exceeding in length three feet from either side thereof, and parallel with the line of the pitcher's position. He can await the coming of a suitable ball for him to strike, but he should not be too fastidious in this respect, or otherwise he will be liable to incur the penalty attached to a violation of Section 40 of the rules. Some Batsmen are in the habit of waiting until the player, who has previously reached the first base, can make his second, but a good Batsman strikes at the first good ball pitched to him, and this is decidedly the fairest and best method to be adopted, as it is the most likely to lead to a successful result, and keeps the game lively and interesting. It is exceedingly annoying to the spectators, and creates a bad impression of the merits of the game on those not familiar with it, to see good balls repeatedly sent to the Batsman without being hit, or the ball passed to and from the pitcher and catcher, while the Batsman stands still, awaiting the movements of the player on the first base. No good players resort to this style of play, except in very rare instances, and it would therefore be desirable to avoid it as much as possible. The Batsman, when he has hit the ball, should drop his bat, not throw it behind him, and run for the first base, not waiting to hear whether the ball has been declared foul or not, as if it be a foul ball, he can easily return to the base, but should it be fair, he will be well on his way

to the base. The umpire will call all foul balis impade ately they are struck, but will keep silent when the ball is a fair one. Although the rules expressly state what the Batsman is to do, it will be as well to refer here to the rules applicable to the striker, as they can not be too familiar to him. The Batsman is out if he strikes at the ball three times without hitting it, and the third time the ball is caught by the catcher either on the fly or first bound; or, if the ball be fielded to the first base before the striker reaches it; or, if he runs from any base, except the home base, on a foul ball, and the ball reaches the base before he can return to it; or, if a fair ball be caught on the fly or first bound; or, if at any time while running the bases, he be touched by the ball while in play in the hands of an adversary, without some part of his person being on the base. He is also out if he try to make either the second, third, or home bases after the ball has been struck, and caught on the fly, and he fails to return to the base he has left before the ball reaches it. If, however, he should succeed in this case in reaching the base before the ball, he can immediately re-endeavor to make the base he was running to without being obliged to return to the base he has left. In the case where he is running for a base on a foul ball, he should see that the ball has been settled in the hands of the pitcher-who need not be in his position to receive it-before it reaches the base, or otherwise he can not be put out without being touched by the ball. In running the bases, he should use his own judgment as to the proper time to make a base, unless the captain calls to him to run, in which case he should obey the call; but it will be as well not to mind the suggestion of any other person on the field, as the captain is the only proper person to direct a player in his movements.

## Umpires and their Duties.

The Umpire should be a player familiar with every point of the game. The position of an Umpire is an honorable one, but its duties are any thing but agreeable, as it is next to an impossibility to give entire satisfaction to all parties concerned in a match. It is almost unnecessary to remark that the first duty of an Umpire is, to enforce the rules of the game with the strictest impartiality; and in order to do so, it would be as well for him, the moment

he assumes his position on the ground, to close his eyes to the fact of there being any player, among the contestants, that is not an entire stranger to him; by this means he will free his mind from any friendly bias. Whenever a point is to be decided upon, rest the decision upon the first impression, for however incorrect it, at times, may be, it is invariably the most impartial one. The umpire should avoid conversation with any party during a match game, and also turn a deaf ear to all outside comments on his decisions. He should give all his decisions in a loud tone of voice. especially in cases of foul balls, keeping silent when a fair ball is struck. When a striker persists in refusing to hit at good balls, in order to allow the player who has reached his first base, to make his second, the umpire should not hesitate to enforce Section 37 of the rules, by calling out "one strike," and then two and three strikes, if such conduct is continued. A few instances of prompt enforcement of this rule, in such cases, would soon put a stop to this objectionable habit In cases, too, when the pitcher delivers balls, either to intimidate the batsman, by hitting him with the ball, or in such a manner that the batsman cannot hit them, the umpire should promptly enforce the rule laid down for such cases, and call balls on the pitcher. The umpire should keep a strict watch on the movements of the pitcher in delivering the ball, being careful to notice, firstly, that he has neither foot in advance of the line of his position, or off the ground when the ball is delivered; secondly, that his arm, in the act of delivering, does not touch his side, and thereby cause the ball to be jerked instead of being pitched; and, thirdly, that he does not move his arm with any apparent purpose of delivering the ball, unless he does actually deliver it; in either case, his failure to abide by the rules renders him liable to the penalty of a baulk. The umpire should require the batsman to stand on a line, running through the center of the home base, parallel to a line from first to the third base, and extending three feet on each side. Should the striker fail to do so, and in consequence, the ball, when struck, fall behind the base, the umpire should consider it a fair ball, as, had Section 17 of the rules been

the reporters should farnish the scorers with blank shoets

strictly adhered to, the same ball would have been legith mately a fair one. Whenever the ball is caught after rebounding from the side of a building, a fence, or a tree, provided it has touched the ground but once, it should be considered a fair catch, unless a special agreement to the contrary be made previous to the commencement of the match. This rule will also hold good in the case of a catch without touching the ground at all. The Umpire should see that the spectators are not allowed to stand near, and especially within, the line of the foul-ball posts, or in any way interfere with or crowd upon the scorers. His position is to the right of, and between, the striker and catcher, in a line with the home and third base; in the case of a left-handed striker, he should stand on the left of the striker. Whenever a disposition is evinced on the part of either side of the contestants in a match to prolong the game until darkness puts a stop to it, in order to secure an advantage obtained, but which, by fair play, would in all probability be lost, the Umpire should decide the game either by the last innings that had been fairly played, or draw the game. There has been one or two instances where this contemptible conduct has been resorted to, and as it is a course that is discreditable to all concerned in it. it can not be too much condemned. The Umpire should constantly bear in mind that upon his manly, fearless, and impartial conduct in a match mainly depends the pleasure that all, more or less, will derive from it. The Scorer. Holland and Indian

The same person should invariably be appointed to keep the score of all match games, and he should be one whose familiarity with the game will admit of his recording every point of it that occurs in a match. He should be one also whose gentlemanly conduct will render him acceptable to all who are liable to make inquiries of him relative to the score of the game. The position occupied by the scorers . should be kept entirely clear of all persons, except those who are regularly engaged to report matches for the press; for the latter are entitled to every attention under such circumstances, in return for their efforts to promote the interests of the game by giving publicity to the many contests that take place. To avoid annoyance to the scorers, the reporters should furnish the scorers with blank sheets.

# THE BASE-BALL CONVENTION.

Economia - L. Ricani, H. M. Lengon

HELD DECEMBER 13th, 1865.

The tenth Convention of the National Association of Base-Ball Players was held at the Cooper Institute on the evening of Wednesday, December 13th, 1865, the attendance of delegates being the most numerous of any Convention previously held. Forty-eight Clubs from New York State; fourteen from Pennsylvania; thirteen from New Jersey; four from Connecticut; four from Washington, D. C.; two from Massachusetts; and one each from Kansas, Missouri, Tennessee, Kentucky and Maine, sent delegates or paid their dues as members, making a total of 91 Clubs represented. Not a Club from Maryland sent a delegate or desired to be in the Convention, although there are about a dozen in the State.

The following are the names of the Clubs represented in the Convention, together with the names of their

delegates.

## NEW YORK CLUBS.

ACTIVE—J. S. Page, H. A. Rogers.
EAGLE—P. J. Cozans, S. Yates.
ECLECTIC—Dr. Bell, M. T. Humphreys.
EMPIRE—T. G. Voorhis, P. V. Broach.
FULTON MARKET—W. Campbell.
GOTHAM—T. H. Van Cott, J. B. Mingay.
JEFFERSON—L. Springsteen, W. M. Richardson.
KNICKERBOCKER—J. W. Davis, W. H. Tucke
MUTUAL—J. Wildey, W. C. Gover.
MYSTIC—C. S. Glover, J. Blackman.
M. M. VAN DYKE—W. S. Bates, J. Grady.
NEW YORK—W. Brower, H. C. Litchfield.
SOCIAL—C. W. Travers, W. H. Everiss.

#### BROOKLYN CLUBS.

ATLANTIC—P. O'Brien, F. R. Boughton.
CONTEST—M. Gibson, Mr. James.
CLINTON—D. O. Reilly, J. Curran.
CONSTELLATION—J. L. Smith, A. A. Doughty.

Eckford—F. Pigeon, R. W. Kenyon.
Enterprise—W. H. Murtha, F. P. Albert.
Excelsior—Dr. Jones, J. B. Leggett.
Greenwood—Messrs. Buckley and Keeler.
Independent—H. Beadle, J. T. Pearson.
Mohawk—G. P. Malleson, W. C. Hudson.
Oriental—J. Vandenhoef, J. A. Gardinier.
Powhatan—C. J. Berger, W. Williamson.
Peconic—C. Davis, R. F. Coddington.
Resolute—A. H. Rogers, J. T. Dunn.
Star—H. Chadwick, A. Hammett.
Wayne—M. Engle, C. Morgan.
Williamsburgh—D. Waring, S. Galbraith.

#### PHILADELPHIA CLUBS.

ALERT—J. R. Peterson, G. Rowland.
ATHLETIC—Col. Moore, E. H. Hayhurst.
CAMDEN—A. J. Lambertson, W. D. Fisher.
EQUITY—Messrs. Foster and Pool.
KEYSTONE—J. H. Lynch, W. Messer.
MINERVA—E. Paul, W. Weedensham.
MOUNT AIRY—J. R. Livesey.
OLYMPIC—D. B. Richards, W. E. Whitman.
PHILADELPHIA—J. J. Keyes, H. A. Pauli.
SWIFTFOOT—G. S. Hensel, R. E. Lester.

### CLUBS OF OTHER CITIES.

ALERT, of Cumberland, Md.—No delegates.
ALERT, of Danville, Pa.—S. Earf.

ALLEGHANY, of Alleghany, Pa.—No delegates.

AMERICUS, of Newark, N. J.—F. H. Pilch, D. W.

C. Jerolemon.

ATLANTIC, of Jamaica, L. I.—A. Hagner, T. J. C gs-well.

BURLINGTON, of Burlington, N. J.—C. H. Schermerhorn, H. Moffett.

CHESTER, of Norwich, Conn.—G. T. Backus, C. L. Ramson.

Columbia, of Bordentown, N. J.—A. Waterman, L. T. Kinch.

CEDAR GROVE, of Fishkill, N. Y.-J. Place, T. Scofield.

CHARTER OAK, of Hartford, Conn.-G. B. Hubbell, W. H. Hills.

Eon, of Portland, Me.—H. W. Armstrong, S. P. Hengels.

EUREKA, of Newark, N. J.--C. E. Thomas, Theo.

Bomeisler.

Eckford, of Albany, N. Y.-G. P. Whitney, E. Crawford.

EMPIRE, of St. Louis, Mo.-H. C. Sexton.

Enterprise, of Clifton, S. I., N. Y.—J. R. Hitch-cock, R. S. Church.

FRONTIER, of Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas.—No dele-

gates.

FALLKILL, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—E. B. Osborne, H. S. Parker.

HUDSON RIVER, of Newburgh, N. Y.-D. A. Scott, Mr. Adams.

HARVARD, of Cambridge, Mass.—G. A. Hagg, F. Wright.

IRVINGTON, of Irvington, N. J.-J. M. C. Eaton.

JEFFERSON, of Washington-J. Browning. Kearney, of Rahway, N. J.-J. R. Hanna, G. A.

Hoffman.

KNICKERBOCKER, of Albany, N. Y.—G. H. Turner,
J. McMicken.

Louisville, of Louisville, Ky.—A. G. Booth, A. M.

Quarrier.

Lowell, of Boston, Mass.—M. Rogers, J. A. Lowell.

Liberty, of New Brunswick, N. J.—A. Cortelyou,

J. Wanzier.

Lookout, of Chattanooga, Tenn.—No delegates.

Lorillard, of Rhinebeck, N. Y.—Col. L. Fitzgerald,
G. Lorrillard.

Monitor, of Goshen, N. Y.—H. Newkirk, E. Dike-man.

MOUNTAIN, of Altoona, Pa.-B. F. Rose.

NEW JERSEY, of Burlington, N. J.—A. M. Kinsey A. B. Goodrich.

NATIONAL, of Washington, D. C.—A. P. Gorman Col. Jones.

NATIONAL, of Albany, N. Y.—B. W. Johnson, E. A. Server.

NATIONAL, of Jersey City, N. J.-J. W. Edwards, G. Warren.

NEWARK, of Newark, N. J.-C. H. Thorne, R.

Heinich, Jr.

OLYMPIC, of Paterson, N. J.—J. P. Tael, S. J. Cawall. Pioneer, of Newark, N. J.—J. D. Dunlap, W. F. Ford.

POTOMAC, of Washington, D. C.-G. D. C. Hibbs.

Pacific, of New Utrecht, N. J.-M. Ran, W. A. Brown.

SURPRISE, of West Farms, N. Y.-J. Bolton, J. W.

Graff.

STAR, of New Brunswick, N. J.-H. Wiley, J. T. Bonney.

Susquehanna, of Wilkesbarre, Pa.—A. M. Bailey.
Union, of Morrisania, N. Y.—D. Milliken, W. Herring.

UNA, of Mount Vernon-H. Elyea.

Union, of Washington, D. C.-M. C. Urell, H. C. Harmon.

Unionville, of Long Island.—Messrs. Remsen and Morris.

Undercliffe, of Cold Spring.—J. Delany, W. K.

UNCAS, of Norwich, Conn.—Col. J. E. Walsh, H. P. Goddard.

UTICA, of Utica, N.Y.—M. P. Callender, E. E. Millard. VICTORY, of Troy, N. Y.—No delegates.

Waterbury, of Waterbury, Conn.-C. C. Commer-

ford, S. M. Cate.

The number of Clubs represented at the Convention of 1857 was sixteen; in 1858, twenty-five; in 1859, forty-nine; in March, 1860, sixty-two; in December, 1860, fifty-four; in 1861, thirty-four; in 1862, thirty-two; in 1863, twenty-eight; in 1864, thirty; and in 1865, ninety-one.

The following are the names of the officers of the National Association of Base-Ball Players, for 1866, together with those of the several committees ap-

pointed:

President-John Wildey, of the Mutual Club of New York.

First Vice-President-Mortimer Rogers, of the Lowell Club of Boston.

Second Vice-President-H. C. Sexton, of the Empire

Club of St. Louis.

Recording Secretary-J. Seaver. Page, of the Active Club.

Corresponding Secretary-A. H. Rogers, of the Resolute Club. Address box 482, Post-office, New York.

Treasurer-P. J. Cozans, of the Eagle Club. Address 122 Nassau Street, New York.

## STANDING COMMITTEES FOR THE YEAR 1866.

Committee on Rules and Regulations-J. B. Jones, Excelsior Club; P. O'Brien, Atlantic Club; H. Chadwick, Star Club; D. W. C. Moore, Athletic Club; T. G. Voorhees, Empire Club; Wm. H. Bell, Eclectic Club; N. P. Gorman, National Club, Washington; C. E. Thomas, Eureka Club, Newark; M. Rogers, Lowell Club, Boston.

Committee on Nominations-D. R. Milliken, Union Club, Morrisania; D. F. Scott, Hudson River Club; J.

P. Mingay, Gotham Club.

Printing Committee-P. J. Cozans, Eagle Club; H. A. Rogers, Active Club; C. C. Comerford, Waterbury, Ct. Judiciary Committee-F. Pidgeon, Eckford Club; W. Campbell, Fulton Market Club; H. Moffatt, Burlington Club, N. J.; W. Springsteen, Jefferson, Pa.; C. H. Thorne, Newark Club.

The Convention adjourned, to meet at 3 P. M. on the second Wednesday in December, 1866, at some hall to be hereafter designated.

# SECRETARIES OF CLUBS.

Communications sent to the following addresses will each the Secretaries of the respective Clubs:

ACTIVE-W. J. Rooney, 19 Mulberry St., New York.

AMERICUS, of Newark-John Cotter.

ATHLETIC-P. S. Bell, 609 Walnut St., Philadelphia, ATLANTIC-S. Smith, Box 214, P. O., Brooklyn. CAMDEN-J. Evans.

CHARTER OAK-F. M. Blair.

CENTRAL CITY CLUB, of Syracuse-F. M. Bonta P. O., Syracuse, N. Y.

EAGLE-M. A. Kelly, County Clerk's Office, N. Y.

ECLECTIC-M. Engles, 412 Broadway, N. Y.

EMPIRE-T. Kelley.

Eckford-G. F. Gosman, 44 Wall St., New York. ENTERPRISE-E. M. Jewell, 4 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Excelsion-C. J. Holt, 50 Exchange Place, New mer-P. J. Cozans

York.

GOTHAM-C. Beadle, P. O., Hoboken.

HUDSON RIVER-L. B. Halsey, P. O., Newburg. HARVARD-Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass.

INDEPENDENT, of Brooklyn-C. H. Edwards, care of Hartshorne Bro., 55 Exchange Place, N. Y.

JEFFERSON-T. H. Callan.

KEYSTONE.

LIBERTY, of New Brunswick-J. Leupp. MINERVA, of Philadelphia—Geo. G. Esler.

MUTUAL-W. H. Dongan.

Mohawk, of Brooklyn-G. P. Molleson, 177 Dean St., Brooklyn.

NATIONAL, of Jersey City-J. W. Edwards, 147 York

St., Jersey City. NATIONAL, of Albany-B. W. Johnson, National Commercial Bank, Albany, N. Y.

NATIONAL, of Washington-M. A. Tappen, Third

Auditor's Office, Treasury, Washington, D. C. OLYMPIC, of Philadelphia-R. Dusenberry.

PIONEER, of Newark-R. B. Butler.

STAR-W. R. McDiarmed, 50 Wall St., New York

Social-T. Dewitt.

Union-C. N. Swift, P.O., Morrisania, N.Y. ·UTICA-L. M. Thompson, P. C. Utice H, Y.

(Sommunications sent to the following addresses will

Acres -W. J. Rooney, 19 Malberry St. New York.

ATHERTO-P. B. Bell, 609 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

ATLANTIC-S Smith, Box 214, P. O., Brooklyn.

each the Bedretaries of the respective Clubs:

Ascendens, of Newark-John Cotter.

CHARTER OLK-P. M. Dieli

# RULES FOR THE FORMATION OF amabisen I a to delemon I A CLUB. Errosillo ed T I conte

Before forming a club, it would be well to ascertain how many there are, of those desirous of becoming members of such an organization, who will be sufficiently interested in the club as to place it on a permanent footing; and especially is it requisite that a majority of the members should be those able to devote a portion of their time to the necessary practice of the game, and at the same time be fully alive to the welfare of the club they join. Being satisfied in these respects, the next proceeding is to adopt an appropriate name. and one indicative of the locality of the club. In this matter care should be taken to avoid, if possible, the selection of a name already adopted. In framing the Constitution and By-Laws of the club, avoid having any rule that can not or will not be enforced, as it will otherwise lead to a laxity of discipline that will injuriously affect those rules that are absolutely necessary for the existence of the club. The fines, if any, should be light, being thereby easier of collection, and fully as effective as if of great amount. meeting; and sauch ounce dawns as many be found in the I

# CONSTITUTION.

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SECTION 1. This club shall be known as the \_\_\_\_\_ Base-Ball Club of - and shall consist of not more than --- regular members.

# 

SEC. 1. Those desirous of becoming members, can be prodetermine the turns posed at any meeting, but must be balloted for at the ensuing meeting.

SEC. 2. Proposals for membership must be seconded by

some member of the club other than the one proposing.

SEC. 3. At a ballot for membership ——— negative votes

shall exclude the candidate.

Sec. 4. All persons who are elected members, must subscribe to the Constitution and By-Laws, pay their initiation fee and regular dues, and furnish their address to the Secretary of the club, within - days notice of election, or forfeit all claim of membership.

SEC. 5. Honorary members must be elected by a unanimous vote of the members present at a regular meeting. They are not required to pay either initiation fee or dues, but

are to be subject to the laws of the club.

SEC. 6. Any member desirous of withdrawing from the club, must tender his resignation in writing at a regular meeting; no resignation shall be accepted from any member who is in arrears for dues to the club.

### Article III.

SEC. 1. The officers of this club shall consist of a President. Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer, and three Directors,

whose term of office shall be one year.

SEC. 2. The election of officers shall be by ballot, and shall take place at the first regular meeting in —. They shall be balloted for separately, and must receive a majority of all the votes polled, to entitle them to an election, and shall enter upon their respective duties immediately thereafter.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the President to preside at all meetings; to enforce a proper observance of the Constitution and By-Laws of the club; to appoint all committees, not otherwise provided for, and have the casting vote in case

of a tie upon any question.

SEC. 4. The duties of the Vice-President shall be to perform those of the President, in the absence of that officer.

SEC. 5. The duties of the Secretary shall be to keep all the books of the club, except those of the Treasurer, attend to all correspondence, call all meetings of the club, keep a roll of the members, which he shall call at the opening of every meeting; and such other duties as may be found in the following articles.

SEC. 6. The duties of the Treasurer shall be, to receive and disburse all the funds of the club; keep a book of individual accounts; pay all bills made or approved by the President, and render vouchers for the same; and at each regular meeting, when called upon to do so, report to the presiding officer

the financial condition of the club.

SEC. 7. It shall be the duty of the Directors to take charge of the necessary implements of the club; determine the time to commence and close the season for field exercise; and attend to all miscellaneous duties not otherwise provided for.

SEC. 8. In case of any office becoming vacant, the vacancy

shall be immediately filled by a new election.

### Article IV.

SEC. 1. The stated meetings of the club shall be held monthly, at 8 o'clock, P. M.

SEC. 2. — members shall constitute a quorum for the

transaction of business at regular meetings.

SEC. 3. The President shall call extra meetings for business, at the written request of a regular quorum of members, or when he may deem it expedient.

SEC. 4. The days for field exercise shall be such as may be appointed from time to time at the regular meetings of the

club.

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SEC. 5. All committees shall report at the next meeting after their appointment, except when the nature of their business requires a longer time.

# Sec. T. Any member W elsitarention, is subject to daes,

BEC. 1. Every alteration, amendment, or addition to the Constitution or By-Laws, shall be delivered to the President in writing, who shall publish the same to the club, and at the next regular meeting it shall be considered and adopted, if two-thirds of the members present concur.

# BY-LAWS, one of the lord and th

At the regular meetings of the club, the following order of business shall be observed: 1st, calling the roll; 2d, reading the minutes of the previous meeting; 3d, collection of dues and fines; 4th, proposing members, and election thereof; 5th, reports of committees; and 6th, miscellaneous business. A motion for adjournment shall always be in order.

# ent when a match be made the Article Time of detam a nedw the

All persons elected members of this club shall pay an initiation fee of --- dollars, and each member shall pay a --due of --- dollars. .somerslerg edd ovnd flank gredingin

#### Article III.

No expenses for refreshments on match days shall be paid out of the funds of this club. All such expenses to be defrayed by individual subscriptions only. And all assessments levied on the members of this club, shall be paid or not, at the option of each member assessed.

# Article IV.

SEC. 1. Any member who shall use profane language, either at a meeting of the club, or during field exercise, shall be fined --- cents.

SEC. 2. Any member disputing the decision of the Umpire

during field exercise, shall be fined —— cents.

SEC. 3. Any member refusing obedience to the Captain during field exercise, and while he has lawful authority, shall pay a fine of --- cents.

Sec. 4. Any member who shall absent himself from a business meeting without a sufficient excuse, shall be fined ---

cents.

SEC. 5. Any member, either at a meeting for business, or field exercise, not coming to order when called upon to do so by the President or Captain, shall be fined —— cents.

SEC. 6. Any member refusing to pay the fines and dues imposed by these By-Laws, or who shall absent himself from field exercise for the space of three months, may be suspended or expelled by a vote of ---- of the members present at a regular meeting.

SEC. 7. Any member under suspension, is subject to dues, but can not either vote or participate in field exercise.

## Article V.

Members when assembled for field exercise will be directed by two Captains, who shall be designated by the presiding officer of the club present. The Captains are to have absolute control of the game, and shall designate each position the player is to occupy in the field, which position can not be changed without the consent of the respective Captains. The presiding officer will also designate some member to act as Umpire, whose duty, on such occasions, shall be to keep the game in a book, reserved for that purpose, and also note all violations of the By-Laws. He shall decide all disputes relative to the game, and shall collect the fines incurred during the game, and pay the same to the Treasurer. If there be not a sufficient number of the members of the club present when a match be made up, others, not members, may be chosen to make up a game, which game shall not be broken up to admit members arriving on the ground later than the time appointed for commencing play. In all other cases, members shall have the preference.

### Article VI.

Any alteration, addition, or amendment of these By-Laws, shall be made in the same manner as provided in Article——, Section——, of the Constitution.

Our readers will perceive that the Constitution and By-Laws just given contain no fines for non-appearance on practice days, experience having shown that such are almost useless, partly from the difficulty attending the colsection of such small amounts, but principally from the calid excuses rendered by the absentees.

The officers of the club should be men of influence with the members thereof, and such as can always be present on the occasions appointed either for meetings or for field exercise. It is not necessary that they should be good players, beyond the requisite ability to properly represent the club on all occasions.

In admitting new members, be sure they are persons of good habits and character. A person of a quarrelsome disposition should never be allowed to enter or remain in any ball club, as he will not only destroy the harmony that should exist in such an association, but will also deter good men from joining, who would make, perhaps, fine players, as well as firm supporters of the club.

# DIAGRAM OF A SCORE BOOK.

Base-Buil Club INNINGS. 1 Masten 2 Creig'ton P 5 B 3 Pearce 6L D 4 Fearsall 7 F L Oliver 2 B 1TD 6 Smith 3 B 7 Russell LF Manolt CF K 9 Grum RF 3 Total runs in each innings. Grand Total Passed Palls\_ Umpire,\_\_ Winning Club, Date of Match Scorer. Where played.

It will be observed that each player is numbered on the score, from one to nine, and his position, in this respect, and also in reference to that he holds in the field, remains unchanged on the book throughout the game, no matter how many times his position is changed as a fielder. Therefore, instead of writing the name of the player we wish to designate, we simply use the figure that precedes his name. In order, also, to record the movements of each player during the game, a series of abbreviations are adopted, those we use in scoring being as follows:

A for first base.

B for second base.

C for third base.

H for home base.

F for catch on the fly.

D for catch on the bound.

L for foul balls.

T for tips.

K for struck out.

R for run out between bases.

Double letters-HR, or hr, for home runs.

L F for foul ball on the fly.

L D for foul ball on the bound.

T F for tip on the fly.

T D for tip on the bound.

The above, at first sight, would appear to be a complicated alphabet to remember, but when the key is applied it will be at once seen that a boy could easily impress it on his memory in a few minutes. The explanation is simply this—we use the first letter in the words Home, Fly, and Tip, and the last in Bound, Foul, and Struck, and the first three letters of the alphabet for the first three bases.

To illustrate it, we will suppose Messrs. Leggett, Price, and Pidgeon, respectively of the Excelsior, Atlantic and Eckford clubs, to be the first three strikers of the opposing nine to that recorded in the "diagram of a score book;" and that they were to be put out in succession as follows: Leggett at first base, Price by the left fielder on the fly, and Pidgeon by a tip on the bound. The ordinary way of recording the play would be this: "Leggett 1, first base; Price 2, left field fly; Pidgeon 3, foul bound catcher." Now if each player retained his position in the field throughout the game, this mode of record would do, clumsy as it is; but when scarcely a game is played wherein changes are not made, it of course becomes entirely unreliable, as it does not designate the fielder who put the striker out, but sim-

ply records the position on the field. Now, by using the figure that precedes the name of each striker, to designate him, in connection with the above abreviations you can accurately and rapidly record the play, thus: Leggett 1. 8 A; Price 2, 7 F; Pidgeon 3, 1 L D; these figures occupying very little space, and requiring but a moment of time to record them.

It will be noticed that we make a distinction between a "tip" and a "foul ball." A "tip" is, strictly speaking, a foul ball, but what is generally understood by a "foul ball," is, any ball that is hit outside the lines of the bases, (see section 8 of the rules) a "tip" being confined to those balls that are barely touched by the bat, and fall behind the striker and not far from the position of the catcher. No fielder but the catcher can possibly put out the striker by a tip, whereas the pitcher, short-stop, and first and third basemen frequently catch foul balls.

To fully illustrate the above method of scoring, we will describe three innings of an imaginary game between the following nine and the nine recorded in the diagram:

#### FIELDING NINE.

## 1 Leggett, catcher.

2 M. O'Brien, pitcher.

3 McKinstry, short stop,

4 Price, first base.

5 Brown, second base.

6 Beach, third base.

7 P. O'Brien, left field.

8 J. Oliver, center field.

9 Whiting, right field.

#### BATTING NINE.

1 Masten, catcher.

2 Creighton, pitcher.

3 Pearce, short stop.

4 Pearsall, first base.

5 Oliver, second base.

6 Smith, third base.

7 Russell, left field.

8 Manolt, center field.

9 Grum, right field.

The innings recorded are the first three played by the "batting nine." In the first innings, Masten was put out at center field, on the fly, Creighton at first base, and Pearce made his first base, but Pearsall, being the next striker, struck the ball to short field before Pearce had made his second base; the consequence was that Pearce was third hand out, the ball being sent to second base before Pearce reached it. In the second innings, Pearsall again took the bat, being the next striker to the third hand out—and was put out from a foul ball on the bound by the third base man. Oliver was put out on the fly at the left field, and Smith tipped out on the bound. In the third

innings, Russell was put out at right field on the bound, Manolt at short field on the fly, and Grum made a home run, the others following with runs until it was again Grum's turn to strike, when, after striking at the ball three times and missing each time, he was put out by the catcher holding the ball on the bound after the third time of striking, Grum thus "striking out."

The above play is correctly recorded in the diagram

ball, but what is generally understood a

# BASE-BALL AVERAGES FOR 1865.

ball," is, any ball that is fill outside the lines of the bases,

We give below an analysis of the play of the mem bers of the Atlantic, Eckford, Enterprise, Excelsion Resolute and Star clubs of Brooklyn; the Active, Empire, Eagle, Gotham, Mutual and Union clubs of New York; the Athletic of Philadelphia, Hudson River of Newburg, Knickerbocker of Albany, and Eureka and

Newark of Newark, etc.

In order to obtain an accurate estimate of a player's skill, an analysis, both of his play at the bat and in the field, should be made, inclusive of the way in which he was put out; and that this may be done, it is requisite that all first-nine contests should be recorded in a uniform manner, and, to facilitate matters, we give the following copy of the blank form we fill up in making out our reports for publication. The form is as follows: John Marie John Marie amin'ty

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Scorers, Messrs. ——————————————————————————————————	a	na Table	TO SUCH MEET
Home Runs-	1 2	THE STATE	BHAYOF TOUGH
Struck Out- Fly Catches Made-		Tevre add	Company of the last
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Passed Balls are those that are missed by the catcher, thereby admitting of the player running a base; none but those on which bases are run are counted as passed balls.

Home Runs are made when the batsman goes the round of the bases and reaches home before being touched with the ball, and without having stopped a

moment on any of the bases while going round. A "clean home run," is one made before the ball returns from the outer field. Home runs can therefore be made through loose fielding or wild throwin,g as well as from long hits to the outer field.

Striking out, is when a batsman strikes three times at a ball and failing to hit it is either caught out by the catcher, or put out at the first base. In both cases it is recorded as "struck out," and not as being out from the catch or at the base.

Fly Catches. Under this head every fly catch is recorded, whether foul or fair.

Foul Balls. Fly or bound catches, either from foul balls or "tips," are all included under the head of "foul balls."

Missed Catches. We charge a catch as missed, if the ball touches the fielder's hands and he fails to hold it.

Left on Bases. The number of times a player is left on bases, should be recorded, as it frequently happens that a good hit fails to be rewarded with a run, from the fault of the striker following the one making the hit.

Run Out. When a player is put out between the bases, from being touched, he is charged with being "run out," and the credit of the fielding goes to the player touching him.

In giving the averages of the several clubs this year, we have not only excluded all clubs not belonging to the National Association, but likewise all who have not played five first-nine games during the season. And of those we have given, we have excluded the names of all players who took part in less than five of these first-nine games; and in future this rule will be strictly adhered to in this work. We give the clubs, as well as the players, in alphabetical order, and at the close, give the names of those making the best average in each club.

The following are the averages of the Clubs belonging to the National Association for 1865:

### ACTIVE.

0.6	111	44	962				
PLAYERS.	Matches.	Outs.	Average.	Runs.	Average.	Clear Scores.	Blank Scores.
Crawford, Ebbetts,	6 12	15 27	2 3 3	19 39	3 1 3	0	0
Hatfield,	5	15	3 0	12	2 2	0	0
Hibbard,	5	12	2 2	12	2 2	0	2
Kelley,	16	42	2 10	44	2 12	1	1
Page,	15	36	2 6	58	3 13	-0	0
Rogers,	14	53	3 11	30	2 2	0	2
Rooney,	16	41	2 9	46	2 14	0	2
Rooney, G.	14	41	2 13	38	2 10	0	0
Stockman,	12	44	3 8	27	3 3	0	2
Vanderwerken	8	30	3 6	19	2 3	0	1
Walker,	14	41	2 13	30	2 2	0	3

### ATHLETIC.

Berkenstock,	15	38	2	8	59	3 14	0	1
Gaskill, C.	11	37	3	4	39	3 6	0	0
Gaskill, E.	8	24	3	0	31	3 7	0	0
Hayhurst,	10	30	3	0	30	3 0	0	0
Kleinfelder,	15	51	3	6	54	3 9	0	1
Luengene,	16	52	3	4	47	2 15	0	0
McBride,	15	31	2	1	60	4 0	1	2
Reach,	15	44	2	14	57	3 12	0	1
Smith,	12	31	2	7	38	3 2	0	0
Wilkins,	11	39	3	6	36	3 3	0	2

### ATLANTIC.

	1	ATL	AN	TIC					
Crane,	18	42	2	6 1	71	3	17	11	0
Chapman,	18	54	3	0	67		13	0	0
Galvin,	14	39	239	11	45	3	3	0	1
O'Brien, P.	15	48	3	3	46	3	1	0	0
Pearce,	17	55	3	4	64		13	1	1
Pratt,	13	37	2	11	14	3	5	i	2
Start,	18	39	2	3	82		10	0	0
Smith, C.	15	38	2	8	65	4	5	0	0
Smith, S.	16	50	3	2	51	3	3	0	2
Difficulty 2.					02	-	-	100	
		EA	GI	E.	1 12				
Chapin,	5	15	3	0	11	2	1	0	1
Collins,	8	16	2	0	19	2	3	1	2
Doremus,	6	_16	2	4	14	2	2	0	0
Reed,	8	22	2	6	9	1	1	0	2
Shaffer,	10	27	2	7	20	2	0	0	3
Slote,	8	18,	2	2	19	2	3	0	11-11
Yates,	8	32	4	0	11	1	3	0	102
DE WELL HEELS	1	ECE	FC	RD	1 81	OIS	No.	170	HOALS
0 0 01			0	-		-	104		MIN S
Butler,	8	21	2	5	23	2	7	0	Tion The
Farrall,	7	16	2	2	24	3	3	1	TI.
Fox,	9	25	2	2	23	2	5	0	0
Grum,	9	24	2	6	28	3	1	0	0
Klein,	13	35	2	9	35	2	9	0	no IV
Mills, A.	11	23	2	1	35	3	2	0	0
Mills, C.	14	40	2	12	33	2	5	0	1
Manolt,	7	20	2	6	21	3	0	0	0
Pinkham,	5	18	3	3	9	1	4	0	1
Swandell,	13	45	3	6	27	2	1	0	1
Snyder, John,	6	17	2	5	16	2	4	0	11
Zettlein,	8	31	3	7	13	1	5	0	1
0 0 9		ECL	EC	TIC	0			II ill	The D
Dr. Bell,	5	8	11	3.	23	1	3.	1	0
Clarke,	5	9	1	4	23	A	3	0	0
Coon,	4	12	3	ō	11	9	3	010	0
The second secon		13	2	3	17	9	2	0	0
Humphrey, M.	Bernard III	13	2	1	11	0		0	0.00
Humphrey, G.	4	2000	9	9	11	2	3	U	0
Wardwell,	4	14	· co	Pal 1	14	1	00	U	ALC: NO.

### EMPIRE.

								4272300	RIGHT LAND
Duncan,	11	29	12	1	31	2	9.	0	1
Jewett,	12	35	2	11	33	2	9	.0	1
Kelley,	14	35	2	7	45	3	3	0	1
Martin,	14	37	2	9	36	2	8	0	2
Miller,	12	39	3	3	27	2	3	0	2
Russell,	5	13	2	3	18	3	3	0	0
Ryder,	12	40	3	4	24	2	0	0	3
Westervelt,	7	16	2	2	20	2	6	1	2
Wilson,	15	40	2	10	45	3	0	0	3
Waterman,	13	26	2	0	43	3	4	1	0
Ward,	13	45	3	6	28	2	2	0	4
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Cornwell, W.	7	21	3	0	25	3	4	0	0
Cornwell, R.	5	15	3	0	17	3	2	0	0
Cook,	12	38	3	2	34	2	10	0	0
Connorton,	6	21	3	3	11	1	5	0	0
Edwards,	10	32	3	2	31	3	1	1	0
Ferguson,	5	14	2	4	16	3	1	0	0
Jewell,	8	20	2	4	31	2	7	1	0
Leland,	7	19	2	5	21	3	0	0	0
Murtha,	12	38	3	2	35	2	11	0	0
O'Neil,	7	22	3	1	18	2	4	1	0
Smith, E.	11	23	2	1	45	4	1	2	0
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14	37	2	9	39	2	11	1	1
5	15	3	0	21	4	1	0	1
11	34	3	1	30	2	8	0	0
14	38	2	10	45	3	3	0	1
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### EXCELSIOR.

		LAC.		R					
Brainard,	7	20	12	6	25	13	4	1 1	0
Clyne,	7	22	3	1	26	3	5	0	0
Flanly,	5	11	2	1	22	4	2	0	0
Fletcher,	7	15	2	1	24	3	3	0	0
Jewell,	6	19	3	1	22	3	4	0	1
Mitchell,	6	16	2	4	20	3	2	0	0
McCullough,	5	11	2	1	16	3	1	0	1
Patchen,	6	17	2	5	21	3	3	0	0
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Beadle,	10	30	3	0	20	2	0	10	2
Cohen,	9	23	2	5	18	2	0	0	3
Courtney,	5	13	2	3	10	2	0	0	2
Dockney,	9	25	2	7	26	2	8	1	2
Gibney,	5	12	2	2	11	2	1	0	2
Hatfield,	7	20	2	6	16	2	2	0	OD
Simmonds,	6	19	3	1	10	1	4	0	701
Stevens,	8	25	3	1	11	1	3	-0	3
Wright, H.	7	16	2	2	22	3	1	0	0
Wright, W.	5	15	3	0	9	1	4	0	0
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Adams,	11	25	2	RIV 3	ER. 45	4 2	1	0	1
Adams, Boyd,	11 10	25 30	2 3	RIV 3	ER. 45 22	2	1 2	000	1110
Adams, Boyd, Fisher,	11	25 30 44	2333	RIV 3 0 8	ER. 45 22 36	2 3	1	0	1 1 0 1
Adams, Boyd, Fisher, Halsey,	11 10 12 11	25 30 44 30	23332	RIV 3 0 8 8	ER.  45 22 36 37	2333	1 2 0 4	0000	1 1 0 1
Adams, Boyd, Fisher, Halsey, Kelly,	11 10 12 11 12	25 30 44 30 39	233323	RIV 3 0 8 8 3	ER. 45 22 36 37 39	2 3 3 3	1 2 0 4 3	0	1 1 0 1 2 1
Adams, Boyd, Fisher, Halsey, Kelly, Lindley,	11 10 12 11	25 30 44 30 39 26	233232	RIV 3 0 8 8 3 4	ER.  45 22 36 37 39 38	2 3 3 3 3 3	120435	0000	1 1 0 1 2 1
Adams, Boyd, Fisher, Halsey, Kelly, Lindley, Leonard,	11 10 12 11 12 11 7	25 30 44 30 39 26 28	2332324	RIV 3 0 8 8 3 4 0	ER.  45 22 36 37 39 38 19	2 3 3 3 3 3 3 2	1 2 0 4 3	0000	1101210
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Adams, Boyd, Fisher, Halsey, Kelly, Lindley, Leonard, Mapes, Millspaugh, Miller,  KNICK	11 10 12 11 12 11 7 12 12 12 ERB	25 30 44 30 39 26 28 32 40 OCK	2332324223	RIV 3 0 8 8 3 4 0 8 6 4 (O) 0	ER.  45 22 36 37 39 38 19 43 30 31  FAI	2333332 BA	1 2 0 4 3 5 5 7 6 7 N	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	110121020
Adams, Boyd, Fisher, Halsey, Kelly, Lindley, Leonard, Mapes, Millspaugh, Miller,  KNICK  Bliss, Bush,	11 10 12 11 12 11 7 12 8 12 ERB	25 30 44 30 39 26 28 32 40 OCK	2332324223 ER 33	RIV 3 0 8 8 3 4 0 8 6 4 (O) 0 3	ER.  45 22 36 37 39 38 19 43 30 31  FAI	2333332 BA	1204355767 N12	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	110121020
Adams, Boyd, Fisher, Halsey, Kelly, Lindley, Leonard, Mapes, Millspaugh, Miller,  KNICK  Bliss, Bush, Corey,	11 10 12 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 16 16	25 30 44 30 39 26 28 32 40 OCK 18 18 17	2332324223 ER 332	RIV 3088340864 (O) 035	ER.  45 22 36 37 39 38 19 43 30 31  FAI  19 12 17	2333332332 BA 322	1204355767 N 125	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	110121020
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		KEI	TST	ON	E				
Brown,	1 9		-	-	Market	10	0	-	1 4
Cope,	111	21	12	3	21	2	1 20	3091	1
Cuthbert,	12	23	2	11	34	3	100	1	1
Deal,		23	1	11	33	2		1	1
Dick,	8	22	2	6	17	2		0	1
Frazier,	12	33	2	9	29	2	5	0	1
Malone,	10	17	2	3	22	3	1	0	0
Mulholland,	8	31	3	1	25	2	- 199	10	0
Wallace,	11	32	4	0	13	1	5	0	2
Wood,	12	33	3	0	20	1	9	0	2
KNICKE	DDO	00	12	6	33	12	9	174	12
Bensel,	RBU	CKE		OF	NE		YO]	RK.)	ma()
Churchhill,	3		13	2	17	12	1	1 0	0
Davis,	3	10	3	1	6	2	0	0	0
De Mott,	5	18	3	3	15	3	0	0	0
Hinsdale,	5	11	2	1	17	3	2	0	0
Homans,	5 3	8	1	3	19	3	4	1	0
Kissam,		0	2	2	8	2	2	0	0
Taylor,	5	19	3	4	16	3	1	0	0
Thomas,	3	15	2	0	16	3	1	0	0
A 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	0	MU	1. 19.5	AI.	12	4	0 =	1 0	0
Brown,	11	29	-	17	94	10	-	1 4	The state of
Goldie,	13	34	2 2	8	34	3	1	1	0
Hunt,	6	16	2	The same of	38	2	12	0	1
Harris,	8	28	3	4	14	2	2	1	1
McMahon,	15	36	2	4	12	1	4	0	2
Patterson,	13			6	43		13	0	0
Thorn,	9	42	3	3	32	2	6.	0	1
Zeller,	The same	28	3	1	16	1	7	0	1
Zichet,	14	37	2	9	37	2	9	1	0
0 0 18 8	THE	MY	ST	IC.			-	Settle 1	TE HE
Clark, R.	5	14	2	4	13	2	3 1	0 1	0
Dalton, T.	10	25	2	5	25	2	5	0	0
Glover, C.	11	30	2	8	30	2	8	0	0
Glover, W.	9	31	3	4	16	1	7	0	
Graham,	7	29	4	1	13	1	6	0	3
Haines,	11	32	2	10	26	2	4	0	0
Kelley,	5	14	2	4	14	2	4	0	1
Manson,	10	31	3	10	.22	2	2	0	1
Reynolds, J.	19	26	2	2	37	3	1	1	1
Saunders,	7	21	3	0	18	2	4	0	1
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Berthrong,	5	1 12	12	2	13	2	3	0	0
Gorman,	5	16	3	1	15	3	0	0	0
Parker,	5	13	2	3	16	3	1	0	0
Prouty,	5	12	2	2	18	3	3	1	0
Williams,	5	14	2	4	12	2	3	0	107
	5	14	2	4	1	2	3	7	soci
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Bailey,	5	16	3	1	8	1	3	0	0
Buckley,	5	20	4	0	6	1	1	0	3
Campbell, H.	5	15	3	0	7	1	2	0	1
Terrell,	5	11	2	1	12	2	2	0	1
Thorne,	5	16	3	1	12	2	2	0	m 1
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Currier,	5	12	2	100	71	1	2	0	2
Dunlap,	5	13	2	3	16	3	1	Dist	1
Duval,	6	18	3	0	15		3	0	HOTE
Ford,	6	19		1	14	2	3 2	0	2
Hoagland,	5	14	3 2	4	13	222	3	0	2
Nagle,	6	20	3	2	13	2	1	0	0.7
Walters,	6	17	2	5	18	3	0	0	ō
Traiters,	1	DEC	1	000				-,41	70761
2 13 0 11	1 88	RESC	TI	LIT	1-13-1				Mol)
Kelly,	7	27	3	6	10	1	3	0	2
Lockwood,	7	19	2	5	16	2	2	0	0
Rogers, M.	5	13	2	3	18	3	3	0	0
Roger, F.	5	15	3	0	9	1	4	0	0
Wilson, J.	5	16	3	1	12	2	2	0	0
9 19 9 9	LIB	SI	CAL	2.	IFI	de.			HEAL
Flanders,	9	27	3	0	26	12	8	0	0
Mitchell,	5	8	1	3	26	5	1	2	0
Manley,	8	14	1	6	28	3	4	1	0
McDiarmed,	5	12	2	2	21	4	1	Ô	0
Norton,	6	19	3	1	19	3	1	0	0
Sullivan,	9	28	3	1	24	2	6	1	1
	5	16	3	1	14	2	4	0	1
Smith, T.	6	-5	2	3	33	3	5	0	0
Thompson,	8	27	3	3	24	3	0	0	2
Waddell,		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	2	8	26	2		0	0
Worth,	9	26	12	0	20	0	8	0 1	0

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	N. M	UN	VION.	IVI				
Abrams,	18	31	13 7	11	1	3	0	2
Austin,	7	20	2 6	20	2	6	0	0
Birdsall,	21	62	2 20	48	2	6	0	2
Collins,	8	22	2 6	16	2	0	0	1
Durell,	18	52	2 16	42	2	6	0	2
Hannegan,	21	55	2 13	64	3	1	3	2
Hudson,	19	46	2 8	63	3	6	1	2
Ketcham,	19	47	2 9	50	2	12	2	3
Nicholson,	17	46	2 12	39	2	5	.1	1
Pabor,	14	48	3 2	.18	1	4	0	4
Smith,	21	53	2 11	65	3	2	2	3
BEST AVERAGES OF EACH CLUB BROOKLYN.								
Mitchell,	1 5	1 8	1 3	26	5	1	1.21	0
Start.	18	39	2 3	82	4	10	0	0

Mitchell,	1 5	1 8	1 3	26	5 1	1.210
Start,	18	39	2 3	82	4 10	0 0
Smith, Eb.	111	23	2 1	45	4 1	2 0
Flanly,	6	14	2 2	25	4 1	0 0
Farrall,	7	16	2 2	24	3 3	1 1
Rogers, M.	5	13	2 3	18	3 3	0 0

## NEW YORK.

1 5	8	1	3	23	14	3	1 1	11
15	36	2	6	58	3	13	0	0
19	46	2	8	63	3	6	1	2
5	8	1	3	19	3	4	1	0
13	26	2	0	43	3	4	1	0
7	16	2	2	22	3	1	0	0
111	29	2	7	34	3	1	1	0
8	18	2	2	23	2	7	0	1
	19 5	19     46       5     8       13     26       7     16       11     29	19     46     2       5     8     1       13     26     2       7     16     2       11     29     2	15     36     2     6       19     46     2     8       5     8     1     3       13     26     2     0       7     16     2     2       11     29     2     7	15     36     2     6     58       19     46     2     8     63       5     8     1     3     19       13     26     2     0     43       7     16     2     2     22       11     29     2     7     34	15     36     2     6     58     3       19     46     2     8     63     3       5     8     1     3     19     3       13     26     2     0     43     3       7     16     2     2     22     3       11     29     2     7     34     3	15     36     2     6     58     3     13       19     46     2     8     63     3     6       5     8     1     3     19     3     4       13     26     2     0     43     3     4       7     16     2     2     22     3     1       11     29     2     7     34     3     1	15     36     2     6     58     3     13     0       19     46     2     8     63     3     6     1       5     8     1     3     19     3     4     1       13     26     2     0     43     3     4     1       7     16     2     2     23     3     1     0       11     29     2     7     34     3     1     1

# PHILADELPHIA.

McBride,	15	21	2	1	60	4	0	1	2
Cope,	11	23	2	1	34	3	1	1	1

### NEWARK.

Fryatt,	5	15	3	0	21	4	1	0	1
Dunlap,	5	13	2	3	16	3	1	1	1
Terrell,	5	11	2	1	12	2	2	0	1
		-							

### WASHINGTON.

Prouty,	5   12   2 2   18   3 3   1   0
	ALBANY.
Lamoure,	5   12   2 2   16   3 1   0   0
	NEWBURG.
Adams,	111   25   2 3   45   4 1   0   1

These averages will not only be found interesting at the close of the year, but they must be regarded as the only fair criterion of a player's skill, in the matter of batting, at any rate. Many a dashing general player, who carries off a great deal of eclat in prominent matches, has all "the gilt taken off the gingerbread," as the saying is, by these matter-of-fact figures, given at the close of the season; and we are frequently surprised to find that the modest but efficient worker, who has played earnestly and steadily through the season, apparently unnoticed, has come in, at the close of the race, the real victor.

Another good effect of this annual analysis of a club's play is, to impart an additional incentive to exertion the ensuing season. By this means, something besides endeavoring to win a match for the honor of the Club, is in question, that something being neither more nor less than the honor of taking the lead, not only in your Club, but among the whole fraternity.

Below we give the Additional Statistics of the season's play, connected with the Clubs whose averages at the bat we have previously given.

# ADDITIONAL STATISTICS.

The Active Club played in sixteen games with Clubs belonging to the National Association, during 1865, of which they won ten and lost six. The Clubs they defeated were the Newark, Resolute, Enterprise (twice), Athletic, Union (twice), Eagle, Gotham, and Empire. The Clubs they lost games with were the Union, Empire, Atlantic, Mutual (twice), and Eureka. In the above games they scored a total of 381 runs against 259, their average of runs being 23 and 13 over to a match, and 2 runs and 97 over to an innings. Their highest score in a match was 54, and their low-

est 3; their highest in an innings being 14.

With Association Clubs, during 1865, of which they won fourteen and lost three. The Clubs they defeated were the Keystone (twice), Eureka (twice), Eagle, Union (twice), Resolute (twice), Gotham, Star, Empire, National (of Washington), and Excelsior. The Clubs they lost games with were the Active (once), and the Atlantic (twice). In the above games they scored a total of 573 runs, against 284; their average of runs being 33 to a match, with 12 over, and 3 to an innings, with 120 over. Their highest score in a match was 87, and their lowest 12, their highest score in a single inning being 20.

THE ATLANTIC CLUB played in seventeen games with Association Clubs during 1865, and won all of them, defeating the Gotham (twice), Union (twice), Empire (twice), Keystone, Mutual (twice), Star, Eureka (twice), Active, Eagle, National (of Washington), Eckford (twice), and Athletic (twice). In these games they scored a total of 578 runs against 310; their average of runs being 32, with 2 over, and 3 runs to an inning, with 119 over. Their highest score in a match was 63, and their lowest 13; their highest score in a single

inning being 19.

THE EAGLE CLUB played in ten games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won one and lost nine. The Club they defeated was the Star; those they lost games with being the Athletic, Newark, Eck-

ford, Gotham, Atlantic, Empire, Active, Hudson River, and Mutual. In the above games they scored a total of 142 runs, against 380; their average of runs being 14 to a match, with 2 over, and 1 run to an inning, with 54 over. Their highest score in a match was 31, and the lowest 6; the highest in a single inning

being 9.

THE ECKFORD CLUB played in fourteen games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won eight and lost six. The Clubs they defeated were the Newark, Eagle, Empire (twice), Mutual (lost through the action of three men, afterward expelled from the Mutual Club), Enterprise (twice), and Gotham. The Clubs they lost games with were, the Union (twice), Keystone, Mutual, and Atlantic (twice). In their games they scored a total of 325 runs, against 283; their average of runs being 23 to a match, with 3 over, and 2 runs to an inning, with 77 over. Their highest score in a match was 48, and their lowest 8; their highest score in a single inning being 17.

THE EMPIRE CLUB played in fifteen games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won seven and lost eight. The Clubs they defeated were the Mystic (twice), Active, Resolute, Gotham, Enterprise, and Eagle. Those they lost games with were the Atlantic (twice), Mutual (twice), Eckford, Athletic, Keystone, and Active. In these games they scored a total of 374 against 388; their average of runs being 24 to a match, with 14 over, and 2 runs to an inning, with 122 over. Their highest score in a match was 50, and their lowest 3; their highest score in a single inning being 17.

THE ENTERPRISE CLUB played in twelve games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won one and lost eleven. The Club they defeated was the Hudson River Club; and those they lost games with were the Gotham, Star (twice), Active (twice), Empire, Eckford (twice), and Excelsior (twice). In these games they scored a total of 316 runs, against 409; their average of runs being 26 runs to a match, with 4 over, and 3 runs to an inning, with 7 over. Their highest score in a match was 41, and their lowest 12; their highest in a single inning being 13.

THE EUREKA CLUB played in fourteen games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won nine and lost five. The Clubs they defeated were the Union (twice), Keystone, Pioneer (twice), Mutual, Newark, Americus, and Active. Those they lost games with were the Athletic (twice), Mutual, and Atlantic (twice). In these games they scored a total of 403 runs, against 213; their average of runs being 28 to a match, with 13 over, and 3 runs to an inning, with 30 over. Their highest score in a match was 85, and their lowest 6; their highest in a single inning being 16.

THE EXCELSIOR CLUB played seven games with Association Clubs during 1865—exclusive of three amateur games with the Knickerbockers—of which they won four and lost three. The Clubs they defeated were the Union (twice), and the Enterprise (twice). Those they lost games with being the Pioneer (of Newark), National (of Washington), and Athletic. In these games they scored a total of 222 runs, against 198; their average of runs being 31 to a match, with 5 over, and 3 runs to an inning, with 54 over. Their highest score in a match was 46, and their lowest 11; their highest in a single inning being 16.

THE ECLECTIC CLUB played in five games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won three, lost one, and drew one. The Clubs they defeated were the Americus (twice) and Mystic; the Club they lost a game with being the Mystic; the drawn game was with the Knickerbocker. In these games they scored a total of 154 to 94; their average of runs being 30 to a match, with 2 over, and 3 runs to an inning, with 35 over. Their highest score in a match was 45, their lowest being 18; their highest in a single inning being 14.

THE GOTHAM CLUB played in eleven matches with Association Clubs during 1865—exclusive of three games on the ice with the Atlantic Club—of which they won four and lost seven. The Clubs they defeated were the Enterprise, Eagle, and Hudson River (twice). Those they lost games with were the Athletic, Mutual (twice), Atlantic, Empire, Eckford, and Active. In these games they scored a total of 199 runs, against 248; their average of runs being 18 to a match, with

one over, and 2 runs to an inning, with 3 over. Their highest score in a match was 36, and their lowest 4;

their highest in a single inning being 12.

THE HUDSON RIVER CLUB played in twelve games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won six and lost six. The Clubs they defeated were the Monitor, Mystic (twice), Enterprise, Eagle, and Knickerbocker (of Albany). Those they lost games with were the Gotham (twice), Enterprise, Mutual (twice), and Union. In these games they scored a total of 349 runs against 318; their average of runs being 29 to a match, with one over, and 3 runs to an inning, with 25 over. Their highest score in a match was 62, and their lowest 5; their highest in a single inning being 16.

THE KEYSTONE CLUB played in twelve games with Association Clubs, of which they won four and lost eight. The Clubs they defeated were the Eckford, Resolute (twice), and Empire. Those they lost games with were the Athletic (twice), Star (twice), Eureka, Mutual, Atlantic, and Union. In these games they scored a total of 264 runs, against 339; their average of runs being 22 to a match, with 2 over, and 2 runs to an inning, with 76 over. Their highest score in a match was 45, their lowest being 5; their highest in a

single inning being 13.

THE KNICKERBOCKER CLUB played in five first-nine games during 1865, of which they won one, lost three, and drew one. The Club they defeated was the Excelsior, and those they lost games with were the Excelsior and Greenburg Clubs; the drawn game being with the Eclectic. In these games they scored a total of 143, against 163; their average of runs were 28 to a match, with 3 over, and 3 runs to an inning, with 14 over. Their highest score in a match was 45, and their lowest 20; their highest score in a single inning being 16.

THE KNICKERBOCKER CLUB (of Albany) played in six games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won four and lost two. The Clubs they defeated were the National (of Albany), Utica (twice), and Resolute. Those they lost games with were the National

(of Albany) and Hudson River. In these games they scored a total of 145 runs, against 98; their average of runs being 24 to a match, with 1 over, and 2 runs to an inning, with 35 over. Their highest score in a match was 55, and their lowest 13; their highest score in a

single inning being 15. THE MUTUAL CLUB played in sixteen games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won twelve and lost four. The Clubs they defeated were the Empire (twice), Gotham (twice), Keystone, Eureka, Hudson River (twice), Eckford, Active (twice), and Eagle. The latter was the shortest full game of the season. The Clubs they lost games with were the Atlantic (twice), Eureka, and Eckford-the latter being the game in which three men were bribed to "sell" the game. In these games they scored a total of 368 runs, against 251; their average of runs being 23 to a match, and 2 runs to an inning, with 110 over-nearly 3 runs. Their highest score in a match was 86, and their lowest 11; their highest score in a single inning being 13. The moves of boyely gold structured

THE MYSTIC CLUB played in twelve games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won four and lost eight. The Clubs they defeated were the Pioneer, Americus (twice), and Mystic. Those they lost games with were the Empire (twice), Hudson River (twice), Pioneer, Union (twice), and Eclectic. In these games they scored a total of 259, against 432; their average of runs being 21 to a match, with 7 over, and 2 runs to an inning, with 55 over. Their highest score in a match was 48, and the lowest 5; the highest score

in a single inning being 14.

THE NATIONAL CLUB (of Washington) played in five first-nine games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won three and lost two. The Clubs they defeated were the Jefferson (twice) and the Excelsior. Those they lost games with were the Athletic and Atlantic. In these games they scored a total of 125, against 181; their average runs being 25 to a match, and 2 runs, with 41 over, to an inning. Their highest score in a match was 36, and their lowest 12; their highest score in a single inning being 16. THE NEWARK CLUB played in six games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won one and lost five. The Club they defeated was the Eagle; those they lost games with being the Active, Eckford, Union (twice), and Eureka. In these games they scored a total of 92 runs, against 150; their average of runs being 15 to a match, with 2 over, and one run to an inning, with 39 over. Their highest score in a match was 43, and their lowest 8; their highest in a single inning being 12.

THE PIONEER CLUB (of Newark) played in seven games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won two and lost five. The Clubs they defeated were the Mystic and Excelsior. Those they lost games with were the Union (twice), Eureka (twice), and Mystic. In these games they scored a total of 129 runs to 121; their average of runs being 21 to a match, with 3 over, and 2 runs to an inning, with 21 over. Their highest score in a match was 60, and their lowest 4;

their highest in a single inning being 11.

THE RESOLUTE CLUB played in seven games with Association Clubs during 1865, and lost all. The Clubs they played with were the Athletic (twice), Active, Empire, Keystone, and Knickerbocker (of Albany). In these games they scored a total of 136 runs, against 225; their average of runs being 19 to a match, with 3 over, and 2 runs to an inning, with 10 over. Their hignest score in a match was 30, and their lowest 12;

their highest in a single inning being 8.

THE STAR CLUB played in nine games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won four and lost five. The Clubs they defeated were the Keystone (twice) and Enterprise (twice). Those they lost games with were the Eagle, Athletic, Atlantic, and Union (twice). In these games they scored a total of 251 runs to 324; their average of runs being 27 to a match, with 8 over, and 3 runs to an inning, with 23 over. Their highest score in a match was 47, and their lowest 12; their highest in a single inning being 19.

THE UNION CLUB played in twenty-three games with Association Clubs during 1865, of which they won thirteen and lost ten. The Clubs they defeated were

the Eckford (twice), Pioneer (twice), Active, Newark (twice), Keystone, Mystic (twice), Star (twice), and Hudson River. Those they lost games with were the Athletic (twice), Eureka (twice), Excelsior (twice), Atlantic (twice), and Active (twice). In these games, with the exception of one Pioneer match, they scored a total of 550 runs, against 416; their average of runs was 22 to a match, and 2 runs to an inning, with 174 over. Their highest score in a match was 57, and their lowest 5; their highest score in a single inning being 16.

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### BEST AVERAGES SINCE 1858.

The following are the three best averages made each season since 1858:

1859.		
Property of the contract of the first of	OUTS.	NUNS.
BURR, of the Putnam Club,	1 3	4.2
Morris, " Star "	1 4	4 2
GRUM, " Eckford "	2 7	4 1
1860.	indt : a	lowest
LEGGETT, of the Excelsior Club,	2 6	3 10
GRUM, " Eckford "	2 13	3 9
Burris, " Gotham "	2 0	3 2
1861.		
START, of the Enterprise Club,	2 1	4 1
CAMPBELL, of the Eckford "	2 2	4 1
PEARCE, "Atlantic "	2 7	3 7
	HE S	
1862.	0 0	1 0
CREIGHTON, of the Excelsior Club,	1 7	4 2 4 2
MORRIS, Diar	1 9	4 2
	1 0	4 %
1863.		
Wood, of the Eckford Club,	2 2	3 5
SPRAGUE, " "	2 1	3 1
MANOLT, " "	2 5	3 0
1864.		
		-

1865.

Atlantic Club,

Eclectic

C. SMITH, of the Atlantic Club,

MITCHELL, of the Star Club, .

GALVIN,

PEARCE,

START,

DR. BELL,

### BEADLE'S DIME SONG BOOKS.

Hush-a-by, baby, I love my native land List to mocking-bird, It is recorded, I wish I was in Dixie 1 Lizzie dies to-night, I wish Iwas in Dixie 2 Juliana Johnson, Lily Ray, Little Daisy, Little Ella, Maggie by my side, Maggie, pride of vale, Oh, if I had some one, Shall we know each ? Mary May, Mary'swelcome home Oh, whistle, I'll come, Silver moonlit winds, God bless you, Massa's in de ground, Old black Joe, Massa sound sleeping Old folks at home, My brudder Gum, My canoe is on Ohio, Rock me to sleep, My old house, my dear Row, brothers, row, My mountain home, Messenger bird, Newfoundland dog. Nelly Bly, No, thank you, sir, Ohdon't you remembr Some one to love, Oh, I'm a bachelor, Oh, pilot 'tis a fearful, The sea, the sea, Old Ironsides, Old K. Y. Ky, Old stage coach Our Union, rig't or w'g | Wild rose, Over the summer sea, Paddy Boghree, Queen Mary's escape, What fairy music, Reefer's song, Revolutionary times, Zingarina. Ring de banjo, Roy Neill, She's black, but that's Ship on fire, Meighing glee, Some folks, Star of my home, Take me home to die, Under the willow she Virginia belle, Way down in Cairo, We are coming, sister Who'll have me! Willie, my brave, Will you list to me?

### No. 8.

A life on the ocean, Annie of the vale, A wet sheet and flow'g Bonny Eloise, Brightly o'er lake, By the lone river side, Brave old oak, Campbells arecoming Gentle Bessie Gray, Down by river side, Dream is past, Ella Leene, Ellen Bayne, Farewell, Lily, dear, Farewell, mother, Girls are not so green, Good-by, Linda, love, Jamie's on the sea, Happy be thy dreams Jennie wi' blue e'e, Hard times, come, Home and friends, I'd be a gipsy, I'd rather be a violet, Juanita, I'm ower young, I'm queen of village, I'm thinking of thee, see her in dreams, Jennie wi' brown hair Miller's song, Jennie's coming o'er, Mine own, Katie's secret, Kinlock of Kinlock, Kitty, dear.

Light of other days, Little Jenny Dow, Lone starry hours, Long, long, weary day Oh, call me not unkin, Lost Rosabel, Mary, avourneen, Meeting of the waters Our laddie's dead, Near the banksof that Rouse, brothers, rouse, Oh, take me back, Ridin' in a railroad, Row, row your boat, Scenes that brightest, She wept her life awa, Sighing for thee, Silver midnight moon Tapping at window, 'Ts but a little flower, Viva L'America, Western trapers' song We'll meet in heaven What are wild waves Why have my loved,

A maiden's prayer, Basket-maker's child, Come, oh, come, Be quiet, do, or I'll call Dear mother, I've com The day our mother, Blarney, Bonnie Doon, Bonnie new moon, Bowld sojer boy, Bright moonlit sea, Canadian boat song, Captain, Castles in the air, Come to ole gum tree I love the merry sun, Trust to luck, Come where my love, I'll tell nobody, Come where moonb's, I'm coming home to, Willow cot, Cruiskeen lawn, Do they think of me! In the chamois' track, You say I know not. Down at the barbecue Jennie June, Do you remember! Eulalie, Ever be happy, Female smuggler, Flow gontly, Afton, Come down by silver, Grave of Kitty Clyde, Long, long ago, Come, maid, with me, Hannah's at window, Love me little, love, Hark, the vesper hym, Make me no chaplet, Bread and cheese, etc. Harp of wild wind, Household clock, I breathe once more, I dream of my mother Murmuring sea, I'll be no submissive, My Emma Louise, I'm not an ugly man, Nigger, put down jug, Farmer's daughter. Jockey hat and feathr Johnny's so bashful, Joys we've tasted, Kind words never die Stop dat knockin', I'm going home Dixie Kissing through bars, Sunny hours childhod Johnny is my darling Tony Pastor's combin Kiss me good-night, Landlord's pet, List to convent bells, Mary Blane, Mother, I'm thinking, Wouldn't you like to, Nellie lost and found, The scientific frog. My mountain home,

My Kentucky home,

|Negroboatman's song Nettie is no more, No one to love, Not a star from our fig Bill and I, Oh, carry me 'long, Old schoolhouse, Once more on the sea, Silence and tears, Sleeping I dreamed, Star of the twilight, Teddy O'Neale, That's what's matter, There's a sigh in heart Three fishers, 'Way down in Maine, Jennie Lorn, Widow Malone, Woman's resolution.

### No. 10.

Alabama Joe, All round my hat, Answer of Ben Bolt, Away down east, Away goes Cuffee, Battle cry of freedom, No Irish need apply, Beggar girl, Billie Boy, Bingen on the Rhine, Old Josey, Bonnie blue flag, Bring my brother bac, On the shores of Tenn, Bny a broom, Call me not back, Come back, massa, Fannie Grey, Gaffer Grey, Gentle Annie Ray, High Daddie, How ar you, conscript, The Virginia rosebud, I dreamed my boy, I know a pair of hazel, 'Tis midnight on the, I know mother weeps, Tom Thumb's weddin Was my brother in, I muse on thee, Would I were with, Jessie of Dumblane, Katie Bell, Keep this Bible near, Ah, he kissed mewhen Kiss me, as of old, Kiss me, darling, Lanigan's ball, Larry's good-by, Mr. Hill, pray be still, Brother's fainting at, My wife is a most, Miseries of sneezing, Mother'd comfort me, Daisy Deane, Oh, I shall wear a, Oh, sing to me those, He's gone to the arms, She was all the world Rally round the flag, I'm going to fight mit, Sunshine and cloud, Rocked in the cradle, Isabel, lost Isabel, Roses lie along way, I sailed in the good, Stars and Stripes, Switzer's song of hom, Johnny Schmoker, Tell mother I die, Things that never die Katy's letter, Werry pekooliar, We will not retreat, Merry, little, gray, fat The merry vintage, Who'll care for mothr Oh, are ye sleeping, The village maiden,

No. 11.

Boy with auburn hair Robin Adair, Carrie Lee, Darling Norah's mine Singular dreams, Every house'd has its, The bell-ringer, Fairy dreams, Guy and happy, How are you, telegrap The ham fat man, I loved that old flag, The knitting song, I wish he'd tell me, Katy avourneen, Kind friends are near, King cotton, Little major, Love's perfect cure, Mother kissed me in, When old friends, My country so dear, My love is on the bat, Oh, give us a navy of, Old John Jones, On the field of battle, Our country and flag, Rock beside the sea, Shall we meet again? Thebachelor's lament Christ will care for, The nation shall not, The regular cure, The song of the guard The rhinoceros, They pray for us at,

No. 12. A lit. farm well tilled Kiss me once more, All's well, A vesper song, Babylon is fallen, Beautiful Rose, Cousin Jedediah, Dream on, Lillie, Ella Clay, Jack on the green, Jenny Brown and I, Just before the battle, There are plenty of Maid of Llanwellyn, The evacuation,

Old house far away, Our captain's last, A curious circumstan, Our sweethearts at, Parting of the sailor's, Ring my mother wore Dear mother call me, Sleeping for the flag, Song of a thousand, The blue jay's melody The coat of other days The days when we, Grafted into the army Thedear ones at home Grandmother told me The first love dream, remember the hour, The old church bell, The vacant chair, The wherewithal, Thou wilt come never Three roguish chaps, Tread lightly, ye, Uncle Joe's Hail, Watching for pa, Mother, dearest, I am We'll go down oursel, Within the sound of, My little valleyhome Yes, I would the war.

### No. 13.

A song for the times A life by de galley, An old man would be, Barney O'Hea, Beautiful dreamer, Be sure you call as, Bonnie breast-knots, Clara Kane, Close his eyes, his Come in and shut the, Cuffee's war song, Finagan's wake, High times, good, I dream of my mother I'ddream forevermore If you've only got a, I know a little widow I'll be home to-morro, I'll wait for thee at, In this beautiful land, I watch for thee in, Jonathan wantsa wif Katy did, Katy didn't, Kindly words and sm Lay me to rest, dear, Life on the canawi, Merry little birds are, Molly dear, good nig't Mother, will our Oh, I should like to. Oh, why am I so hap. One flag or no flag, One single kiss, Our Willy dear is, Footsteps on the stair, Sam Slick, the Yanke, Sweet Evelina, Tell me, mother, can, Those evening bells, Thy mother will rock There's no such girl, The blind boy, Weeping sad and lone Lily of St. Leonard's, The child of the regit, Why do I weep for, Oh, bless me, mother, The white cockade

### BEADLE'S DIME SONG BOOKS.

#### No. 14.

A sweet brier rose is, All hail to Ulysses, Angels listen when, Beautiful child of, Better times coming, Bright-eyed Maggie, Brother, tell me of, Carroty top, Columbia's guardian, Corporal Schnapps, De day ob liberty's, Den you'll remember Down by the river, Farmer Stubbs' visit, Five o'clock in the, I can not bid thee go, I'd choose to be baby, I'll love thee as long, I'm dying far from, I'm a ladies' man, I never had a beau, In this old chair my, I'se on de way, It's no use teasing, Just after the battle, Katie Lee and Willie, Kissing on the sly, Little Alice, Lottie in the lane, Mary Pay, Maudie Moore, Mermaid's song, Mother's gentle voice Of a' the airts the, People will talk, "Sing softly, love," Softly now, tenderly, Stand up for Uncle, Sweet little Nell, The corporal's musk't The courtin' time, The daught'rs dream, The maids of Col'a, The minstrel's tear, The music st'e win'w, The old brown cot, The old house by hill, The old man's reverie The old sexton, The sands of Dee, Uncle Ben, Yankee, Uncle Sam's funeral, Washing'n and Lin'n

When will he come, 1 When the moon with, When will my darl'g Whoever can he be! Will you meet me, Will you wed me.

#### No. 15.

And home I came, Bachelor's lament, Charming Lizzie Clay Come home, father, Comrades, touch the, Cora Dean, Da old corn-mill, De U. S. hotel, Do they pray for me! For Phil. Sheridan, Friends of the Union, God save John Bull, Go 'way, black man, How are you, conse't ! How do you like it ! I am lonely to-night, I hear sweet voices, I'm a young man, Is that mother? Kate O'Shane, Lay me down and, Let me die face to, Lora Vale, Molly Doolan, Mother, when the war Mount, boys, mount, My beautiful Lizzie, My country so dear, My own, my guiding, My Polly Ann, Nancy Fat, Nellie Lee, Oh, let him rest, Oh, take me to thy, Oh, why did you die ? Old cabin home, Ole massa on trabbels One by one they, Our color-guard, Sally, come up, Sambo's right to be, Shall we ever meet ! Song of the soldiers, Stand by the flag, Swinging in the lane, "Poor mother, Willie's Tenting on the old,

The blue-eyed boy, The cracksman's ch't, The invalid corps, The little brown cot, The new skedaddle, The snow-white bl's, The swords were 37, The troubadour, The untamable shrew "Twas off the blue, We shall be known, When Johnny comes, When the boys come, You don't know how.

### No. 16.

Beautiful Annie, Brave boys are they, "Coming home," Dark-eyed Norina, Do you think of the, Famous oil firms, Follow the drum, Gen. Sherman and, Grant's the man, I built a bridge of, Idaho, It's all up in Dixie, I vants to go home, I've a home in valley, Jeff. in petticoats, Johnny Bell's woo'g, Josephine to Napo'n, Lay me down and, Limerick is beautiful, Listen, dear Fanny, Lora Vale, Lorena, Mind you that ! Moonlight and starl't My little angel, My mother's cot, My pretty quadroon, Oh, send me a flower, Our dear N. England, Paddle your own, Pat Malloy, Paul Vane, Picture on the wall, Pompey Jones, Putting on airs, Rain on the roof,

Richmond is ours, Sherman's march, That's where the, The Colleen Bawn, The dream of home, The negro emancip'n, The bachelor's song, The prisoner's hope, The soldier's welcome The sour apple-tree, Those laughing eyes, Toll the bell mourn'y Tramp, tramp, tramp, Victory at last, Wake Nicodemus, We are marching on, We's agwine to fight, Zula Zong.

### No. 17.

A cushla gal mochree Violets under the, All is well at home, All yesterday I was, Away on the prairie, We've drunk from, Coming home from, Constantinople, Cushla agus machree, Ellie Rhee, Farewell song of, Father's come home, Good-by, old glory, He's got his discharge It is the miller's, I wonder why he, Jimmy's wooing, Jessie Lee, Just as of old, Little Tad, Lost star of my home, Marching through, Move my arm-chair, My bean that went, My mother did so, Nancy's waterfall, Nicodemus Johnson, Now den! now den! Now Moses, Old don't care, One by one, On! on! on! Our grandfathers', Polly Perkins, Poor Kitty Popcorn, Ring the bell,

Santa Claus, She sleeps beneath, Sing, birdie, sing, Sing me to sleep, Somebody's darling, Tapioca, The cot where the, The first kiss at the, The fields of home, The green Shenand'h The liberty bird, The midnight bugle, The night'gale's trill, The school of jolly, The ship that never, The 'telligent contr'd The unknown heroes, They all come home, They have broken, 'Tis finished, Tobias and Biancos, Waiting at the old, We are coming home When Fenians fight,

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